

LDB: An Efficient Latency Profiling Tool for Multithreaded Applications

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Georgia
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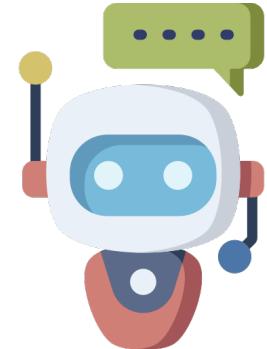
Latency-sensitive Applications



Web



Real-time Ad Bidding

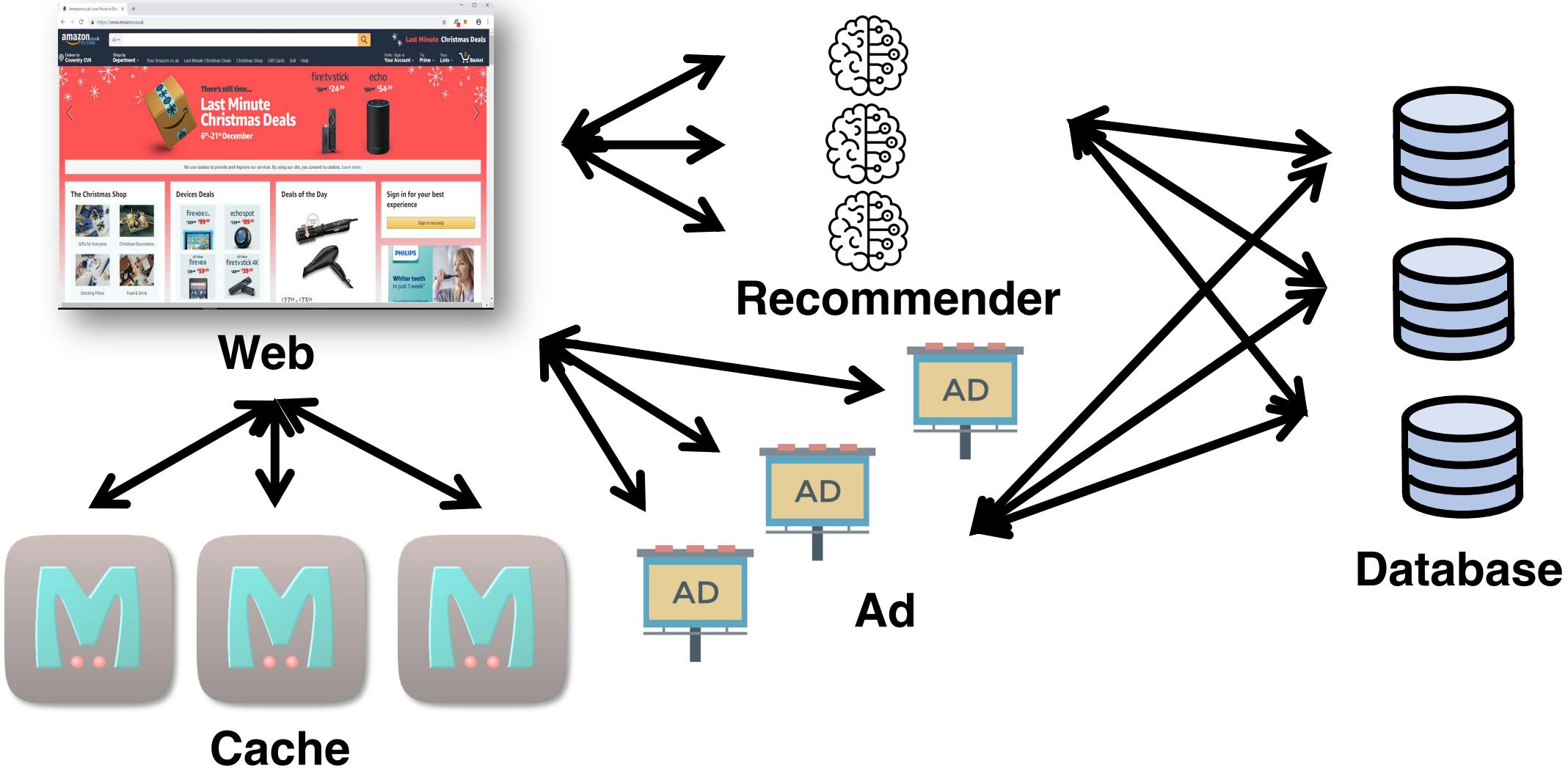


Interactive ML inference

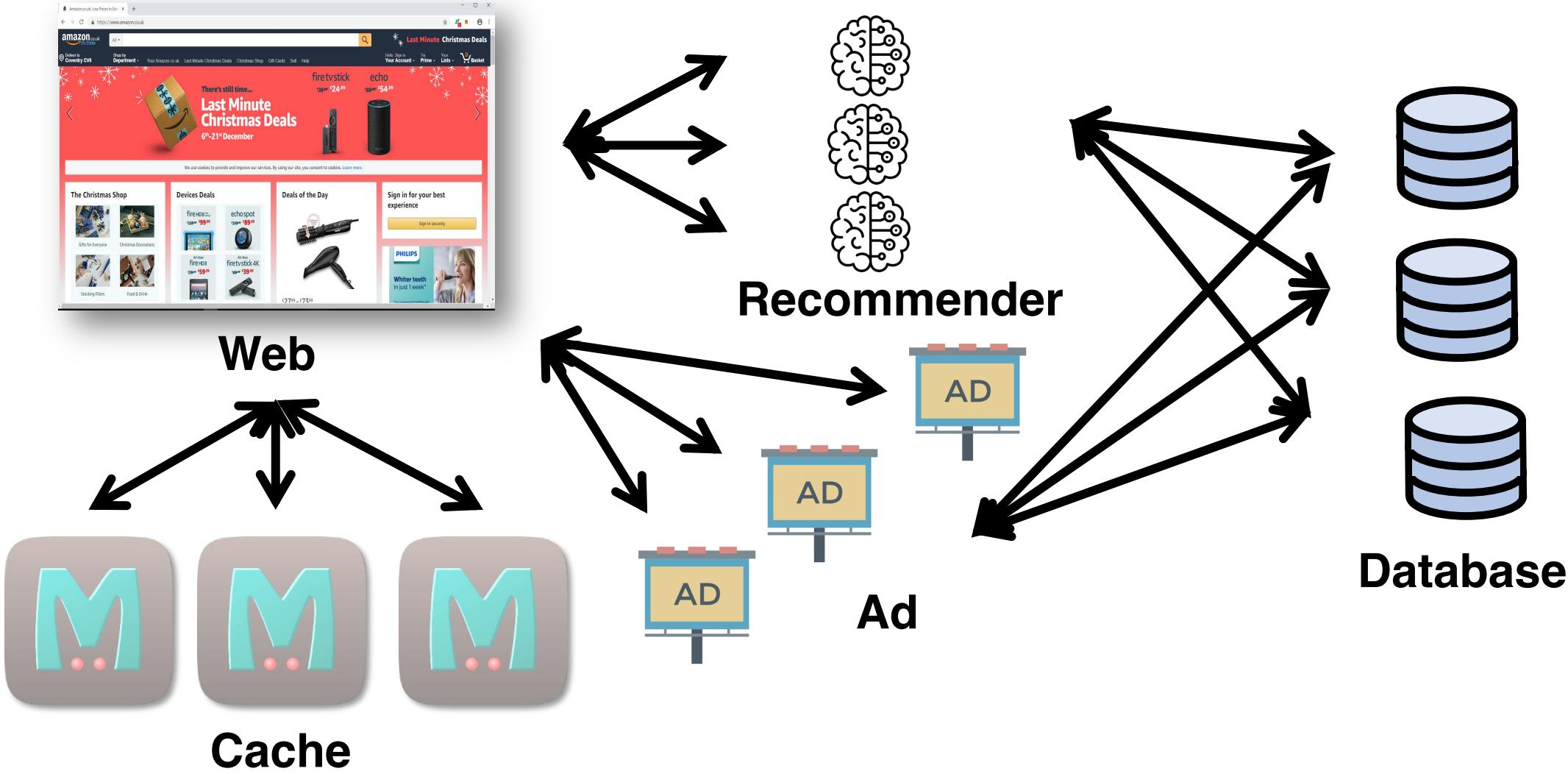


High-frequency stock trading

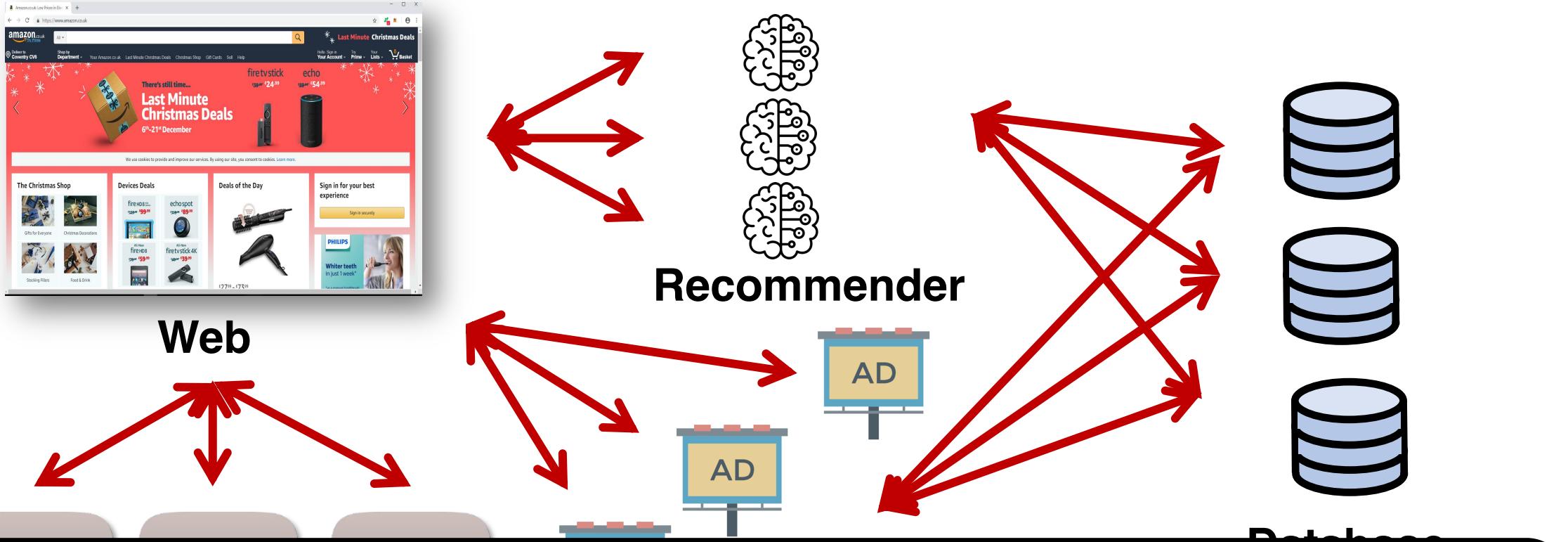
High Fan-out



Low RPC Tail Latency is Critical

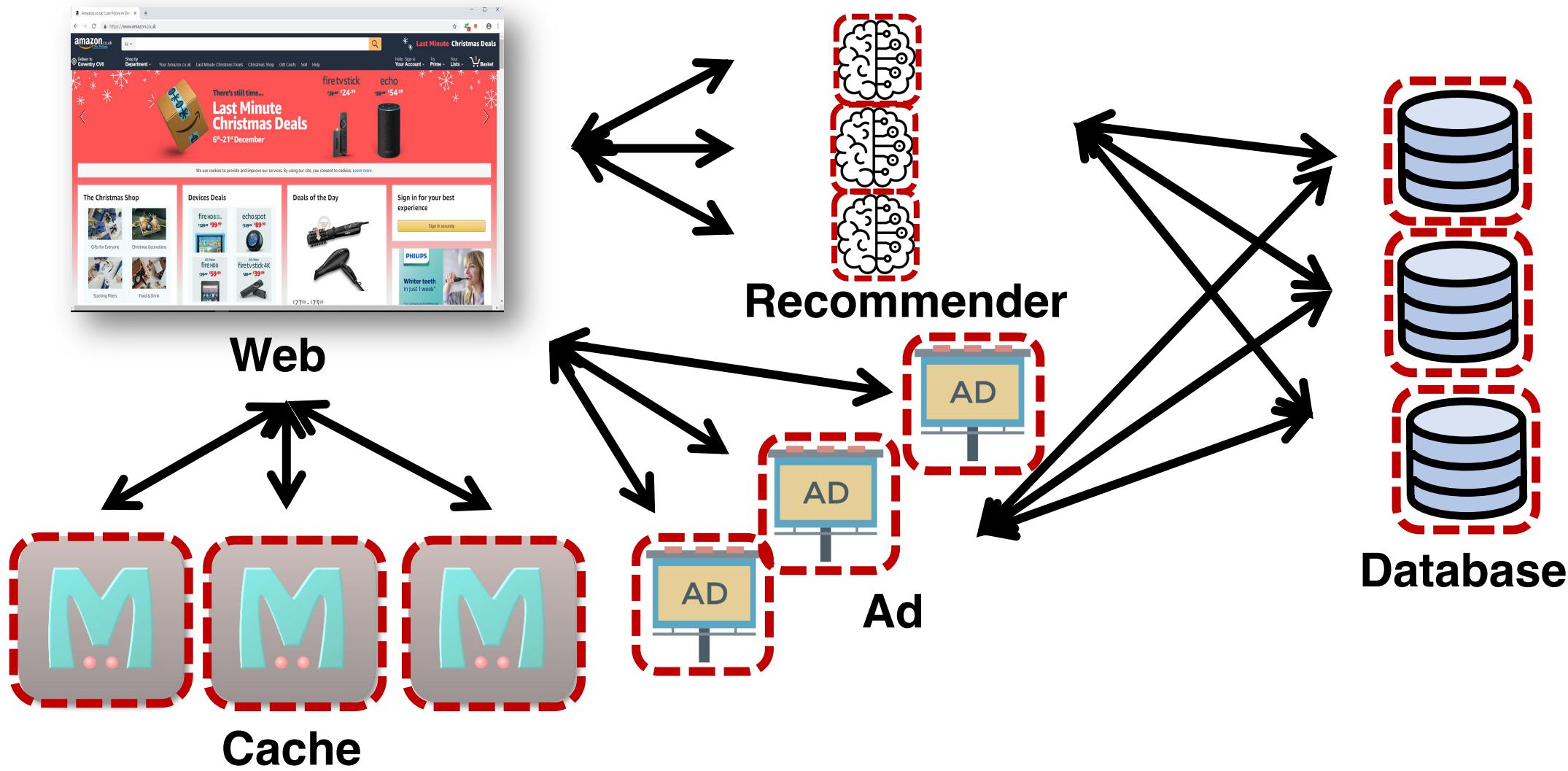


Tail Latency in Networks



Apache Skywalking, Jaeger, Naver Pinpoint, HindSight[NSDI'23], DeepFlow[SIGCOMM'23], BufScope [NSDI'22], SpiderMon [SOSR'20], etc.

Tail Latency at Applications



Simple Key-Value Store Application

```
std::map<int, std::string> db;  
pthread_mutex_t lock;
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```
int background_thread() {
    while (true) {
        snapshot();
        usleep(10000);
    }
}
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    while (true) {
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        usleep(10000);
    }
}

int snapshot() {
    std::ofstream
        out("snapshot.txt");
    pthread_mutex_lock(&lock);
    for (const auto& kv : db)
        out << kv.first << ","
            << kv.second
            << std::endl;
    pthread_mutex_unlock(&lock);
    out.close();
}
```

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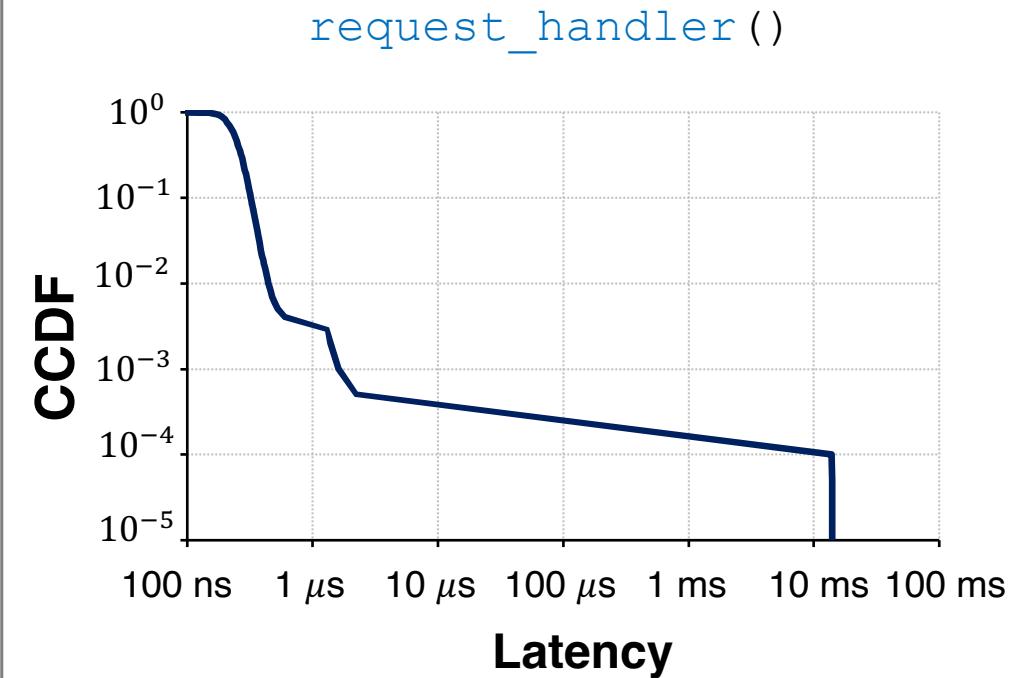
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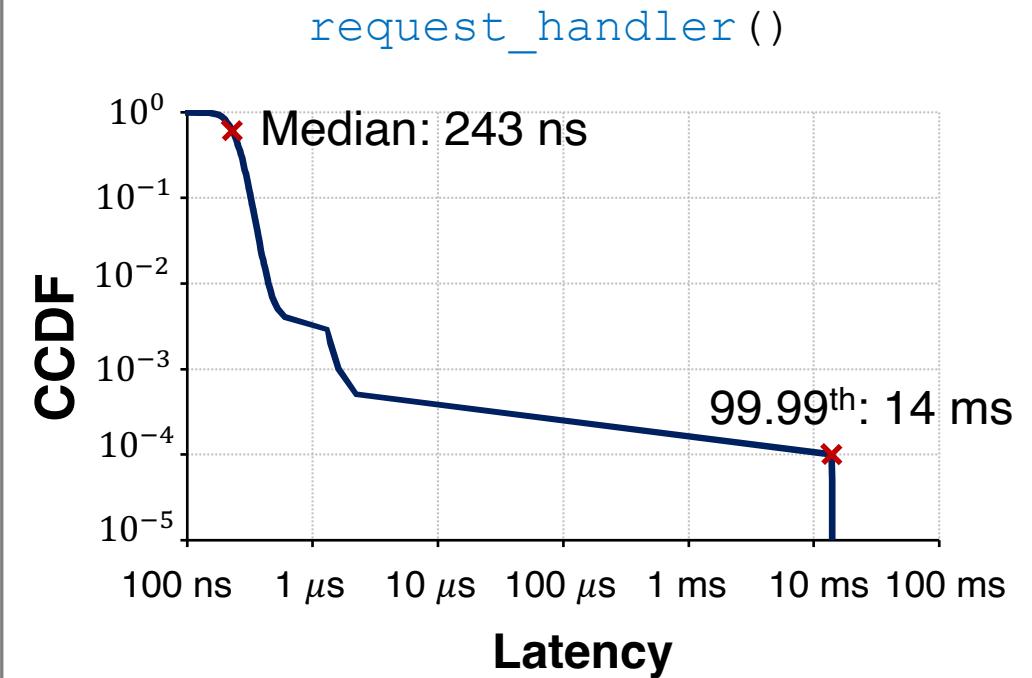
High Dispersion in Request Processing Time

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High Dispersion in Request Processing Time

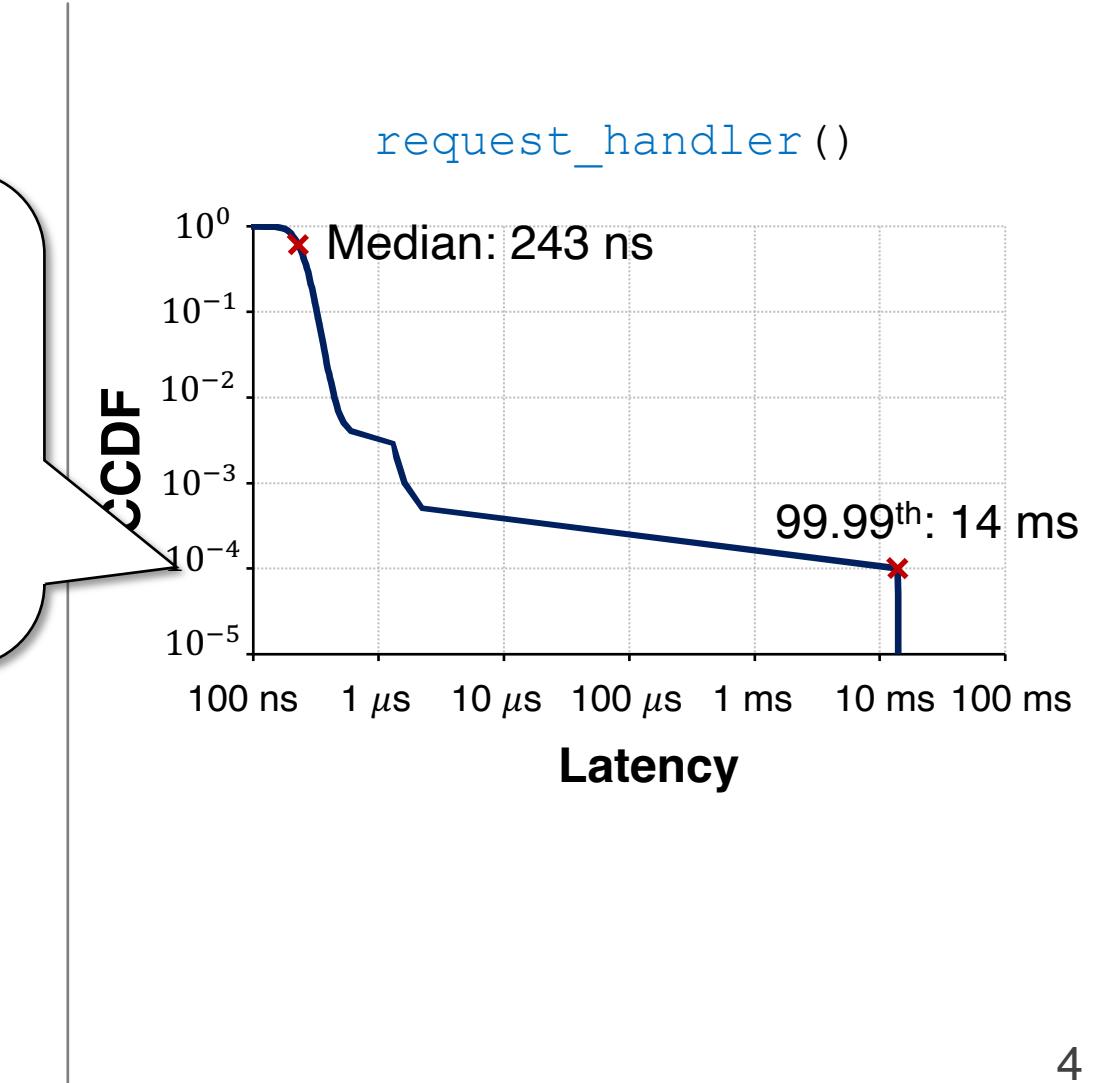
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High Dispersion in Request Processing Time

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```

What is happening every
10,000 requests?



Strawman: Using CPU Profiler (perf, gperftools)

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Function	CPU Time
generate_random_string	63.75 %
request_handler	7.43 %
std::__Rb_tree_increment	2.82 %
... (13 more functions) ...	
snapshot	0.62%

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Doesn't detect snapshot as the cause of high tail latency.

LDB: Efficient Tail Latency Profiling Tool

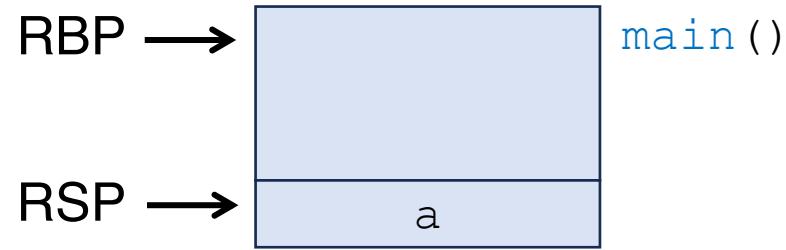
Live Demo

x86 Stack Frame



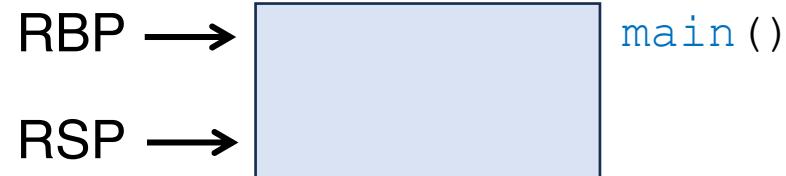
```
int main() {  
}
```

x86 Stack Frame



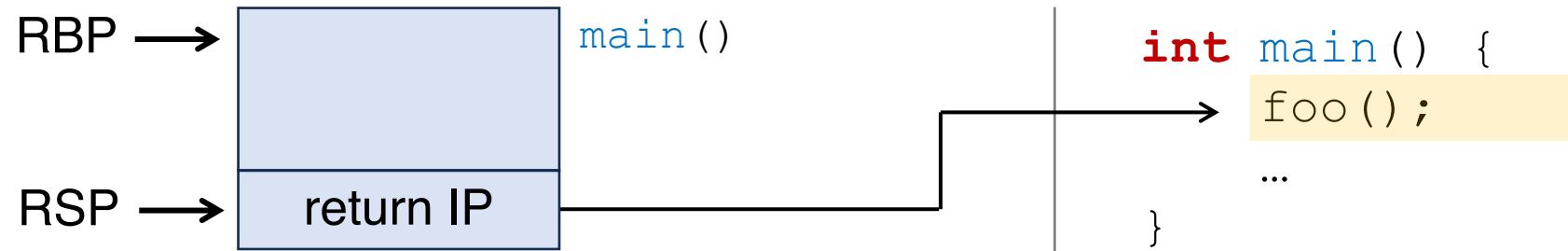
```
int main() {  
    int a;  
}
```

x86 Stack Frame

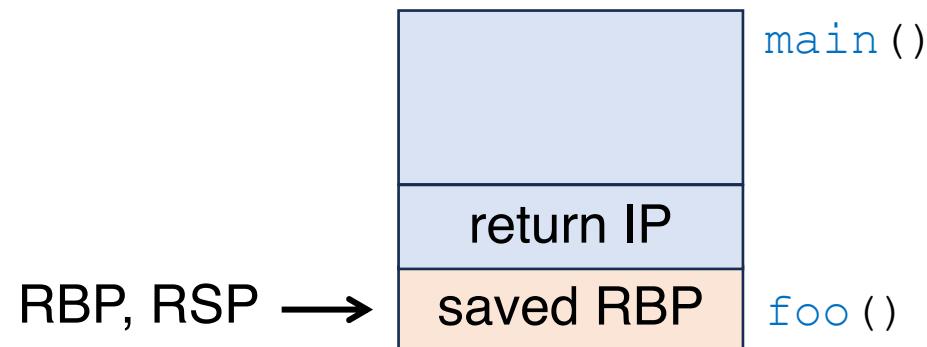


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int main() {  
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x86 Stack Frame

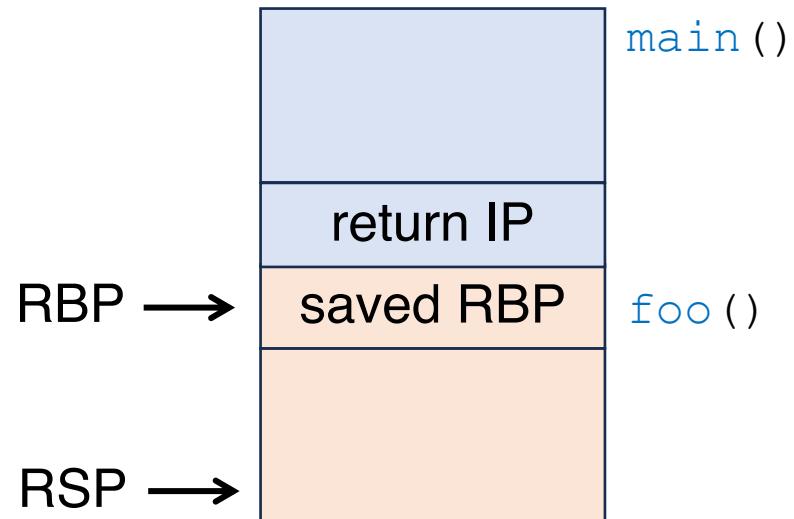


x86 Stack Frame



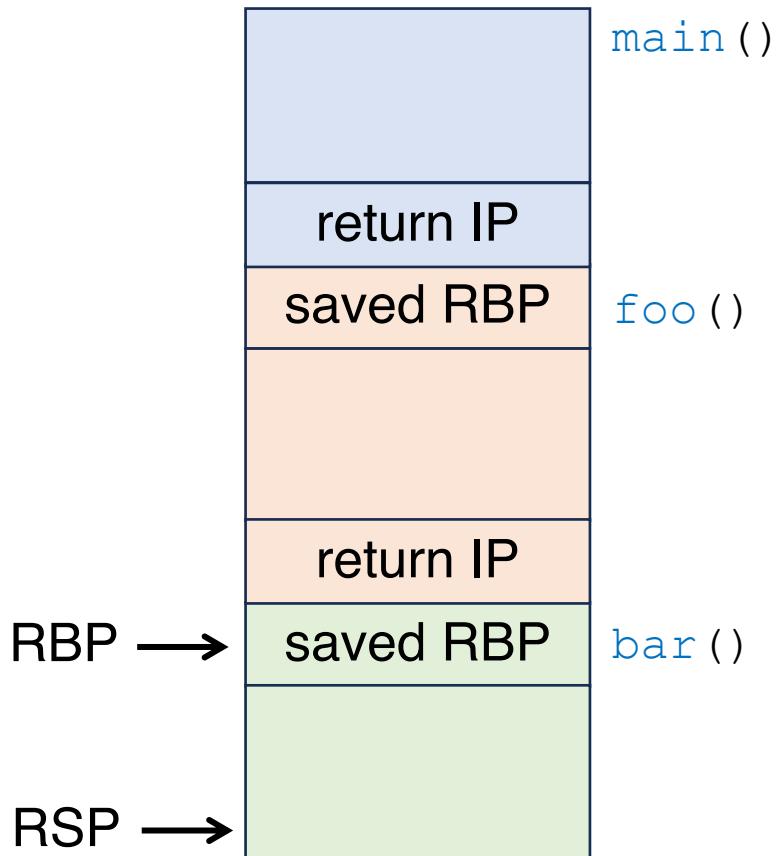
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int main() {  
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x86 Stack Frame



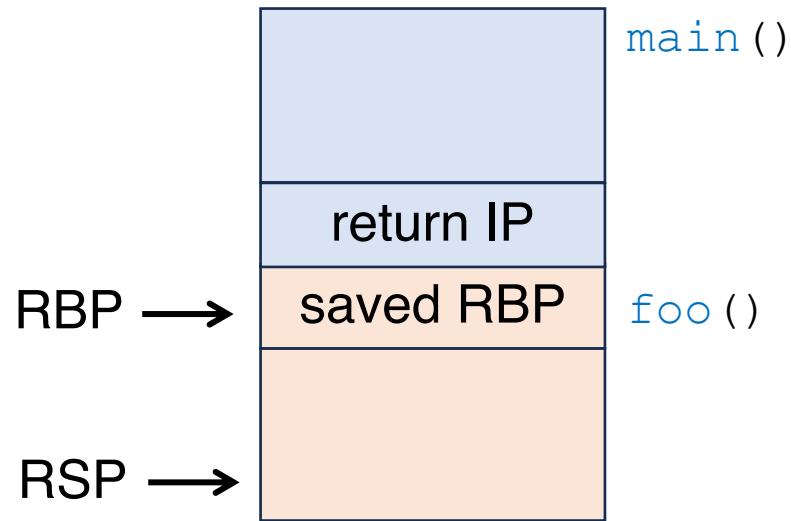
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int main() {  
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int foo() {  
    for (i = 0; i < 2; ++i)  
        bar();  
}
```

x86 Stack Frame



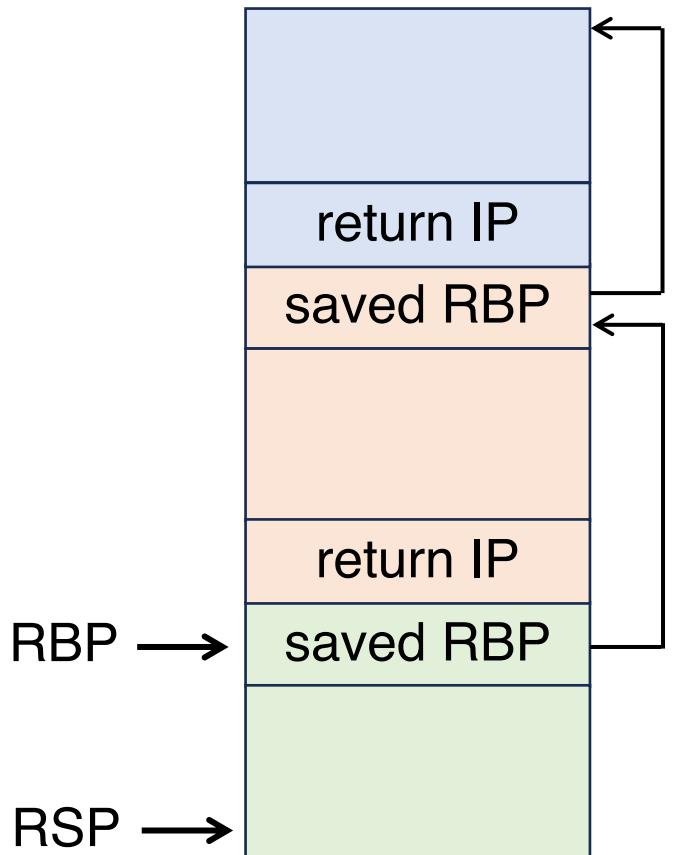
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x86 Stack Frame



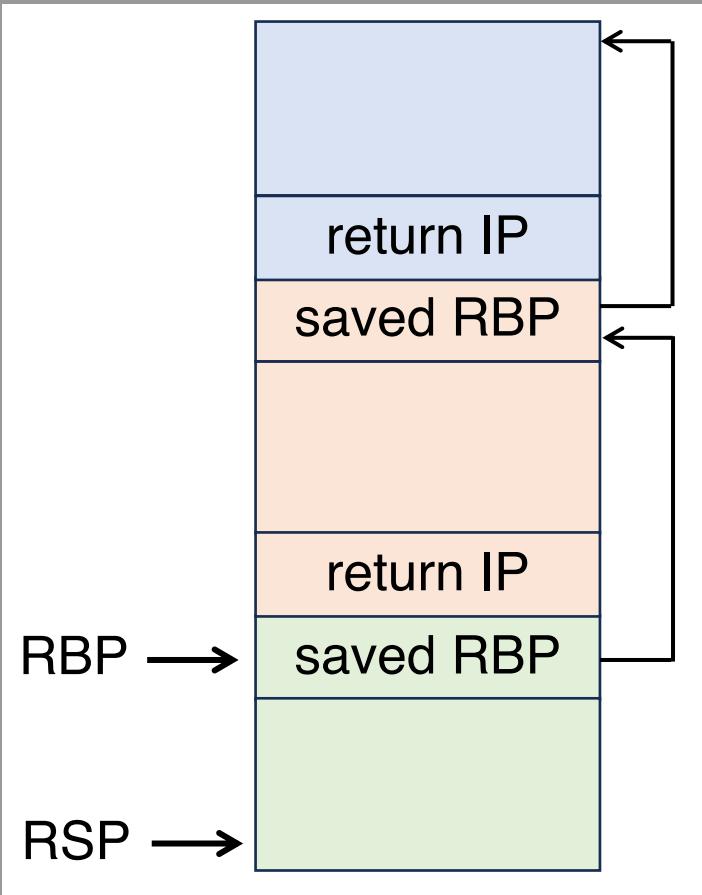
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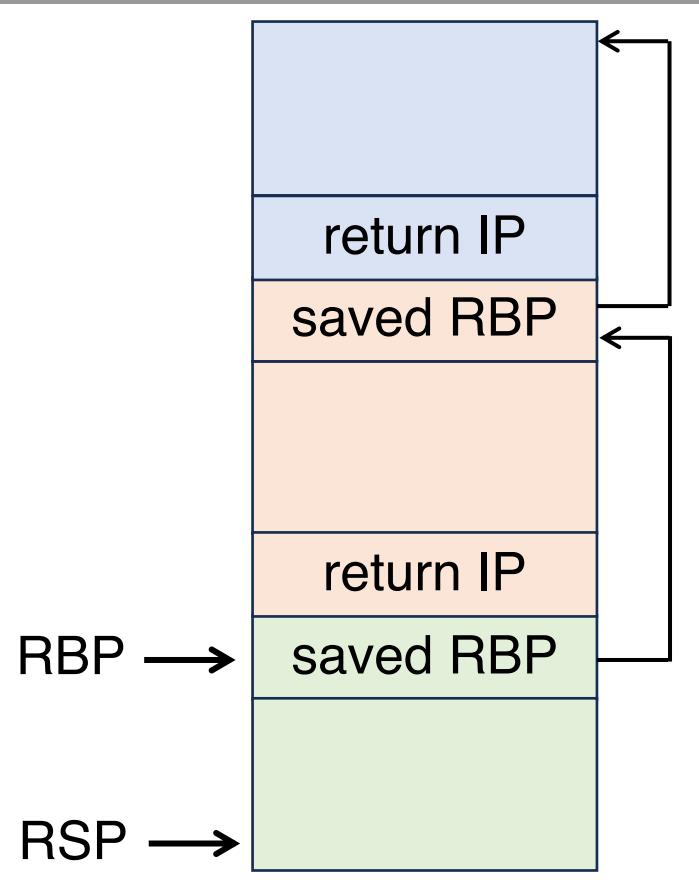
x86 Stack Frame



Intuition

The metadata in stack frames **remains the same** as long as the thread is stuck with a bottleneck function

x86 Stack Frame



Intuition

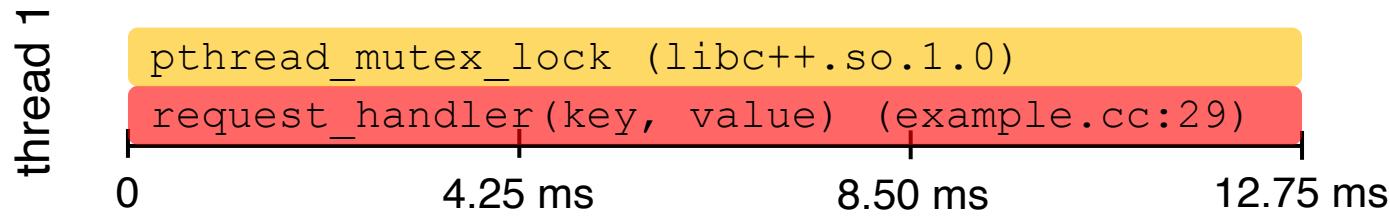
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Let's sample them!

Accurate and Useful Profiling Results

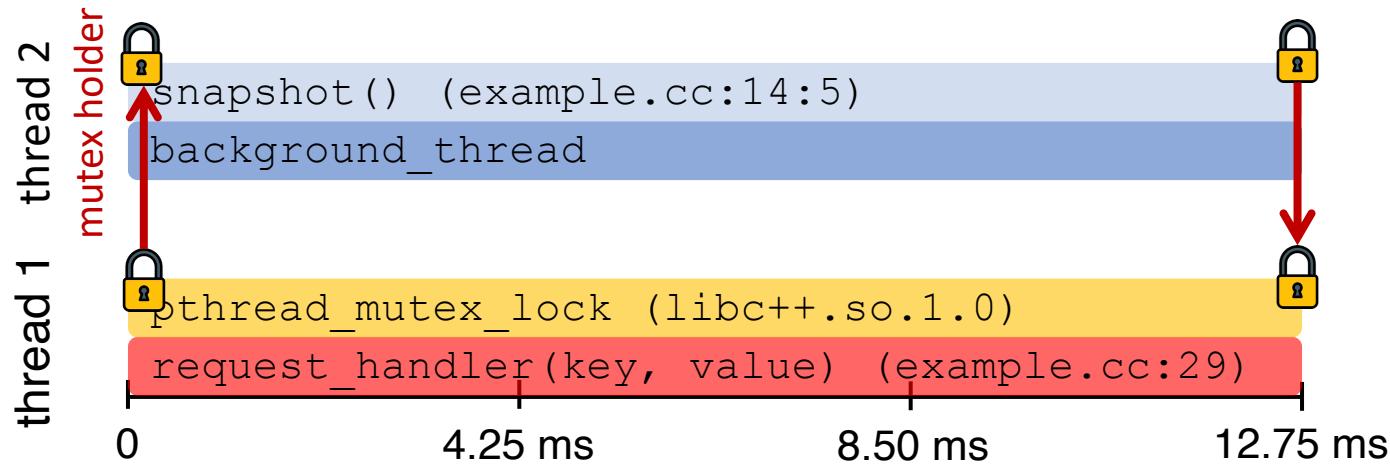
LDB can profile application's **tail latency behavior** with

- (1) High accuracy including inter-thread communication



Accurate and Useful Profiling Results

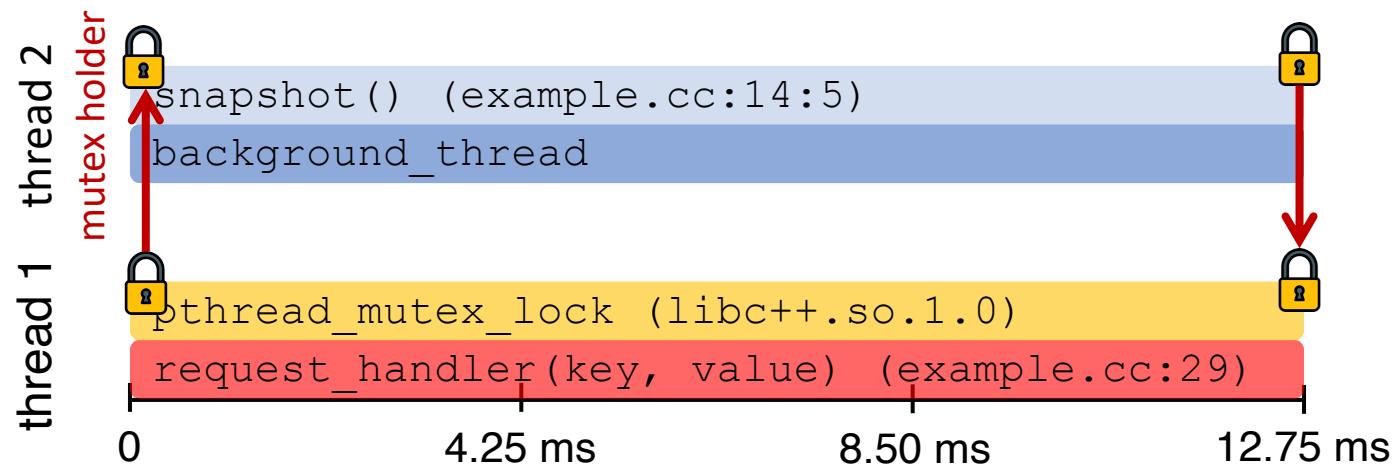
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Low Runtime Overhead

LDB can profile application's **tail latency behavior** with

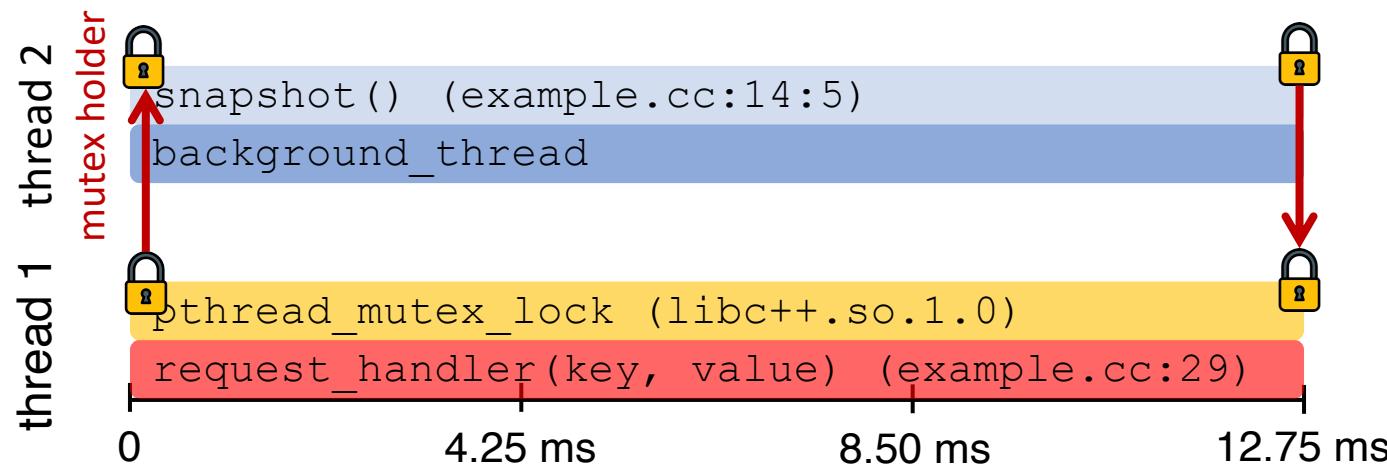
- (1) High accuracy including inter-thread communication
- (2) Reasonable runtime overhead



Interactive Debugging with Fast Result

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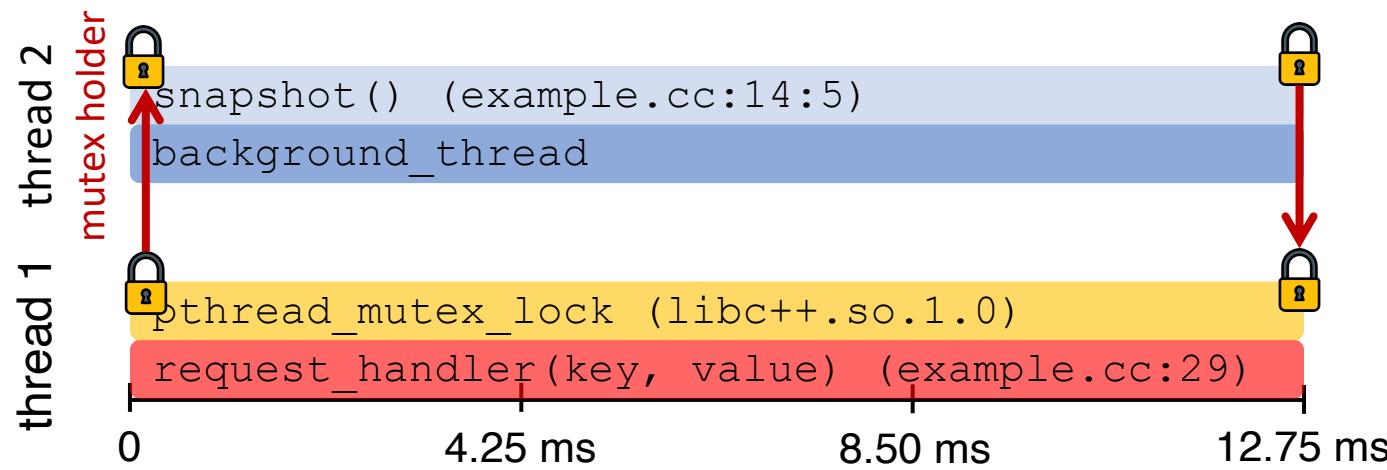
- (1) High accuracy including inter-thread communication
- (2) Reasonable runtime overhead
- (3) Interactive debugging



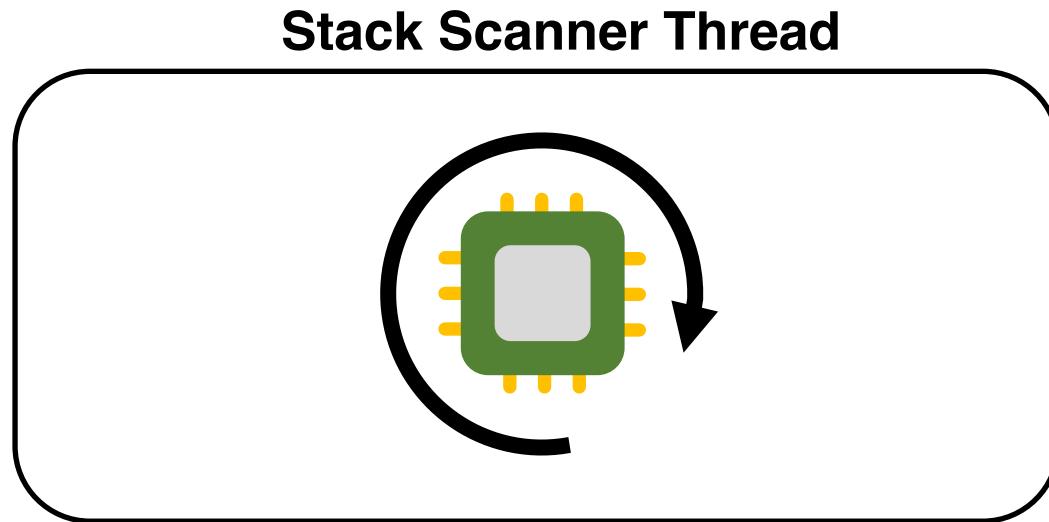
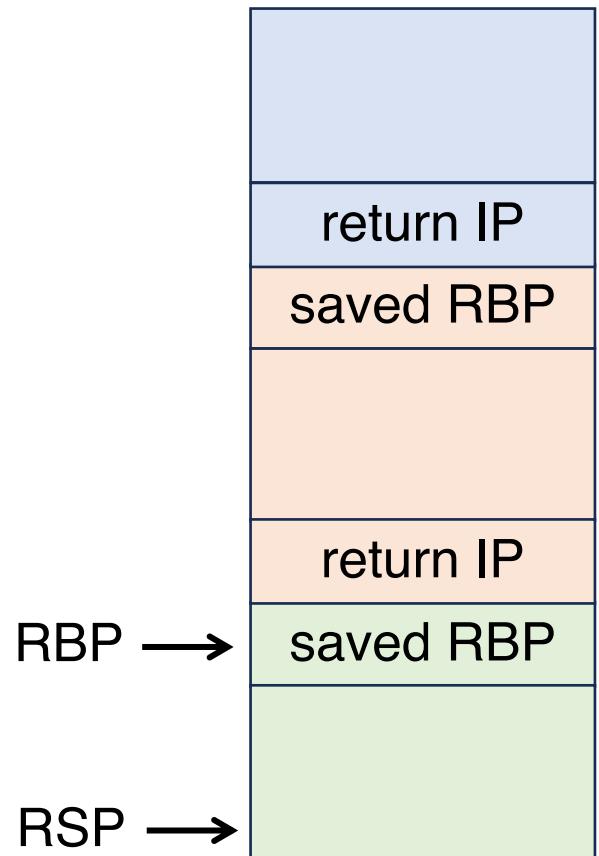
Great Portability

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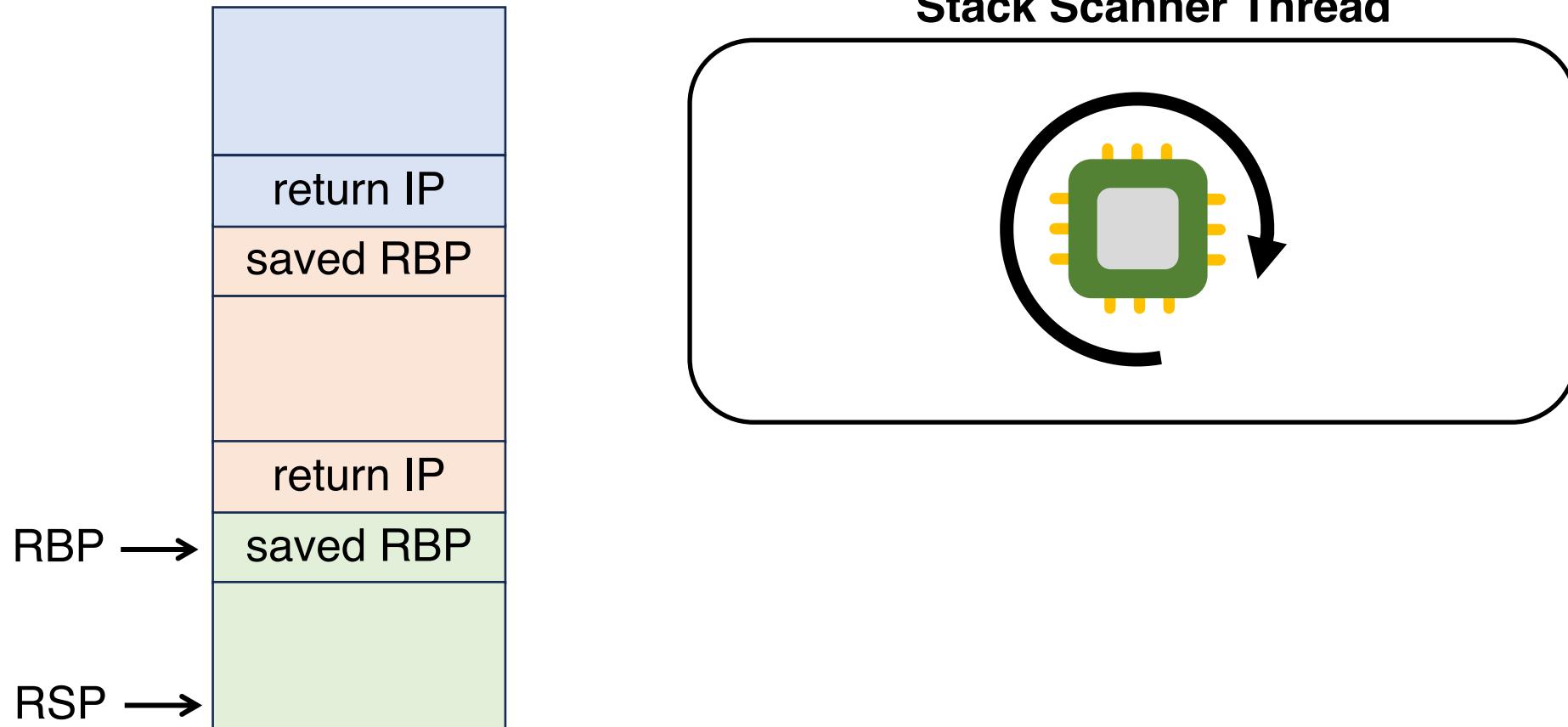
- (1) High accuracy including inter-thread communication
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- (3) Interactive debugging
- (4) Great portability



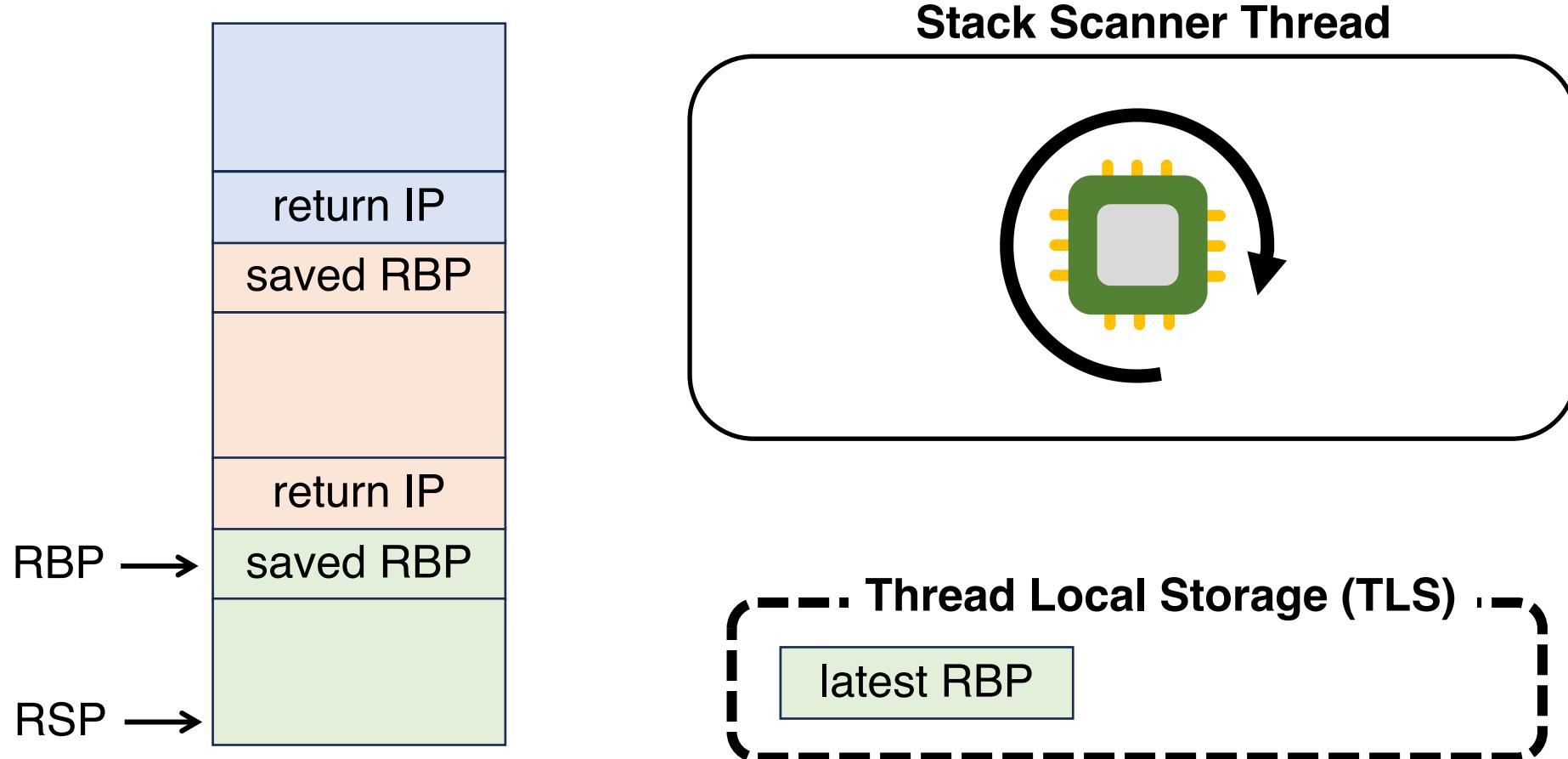
Stack Scanner Thread



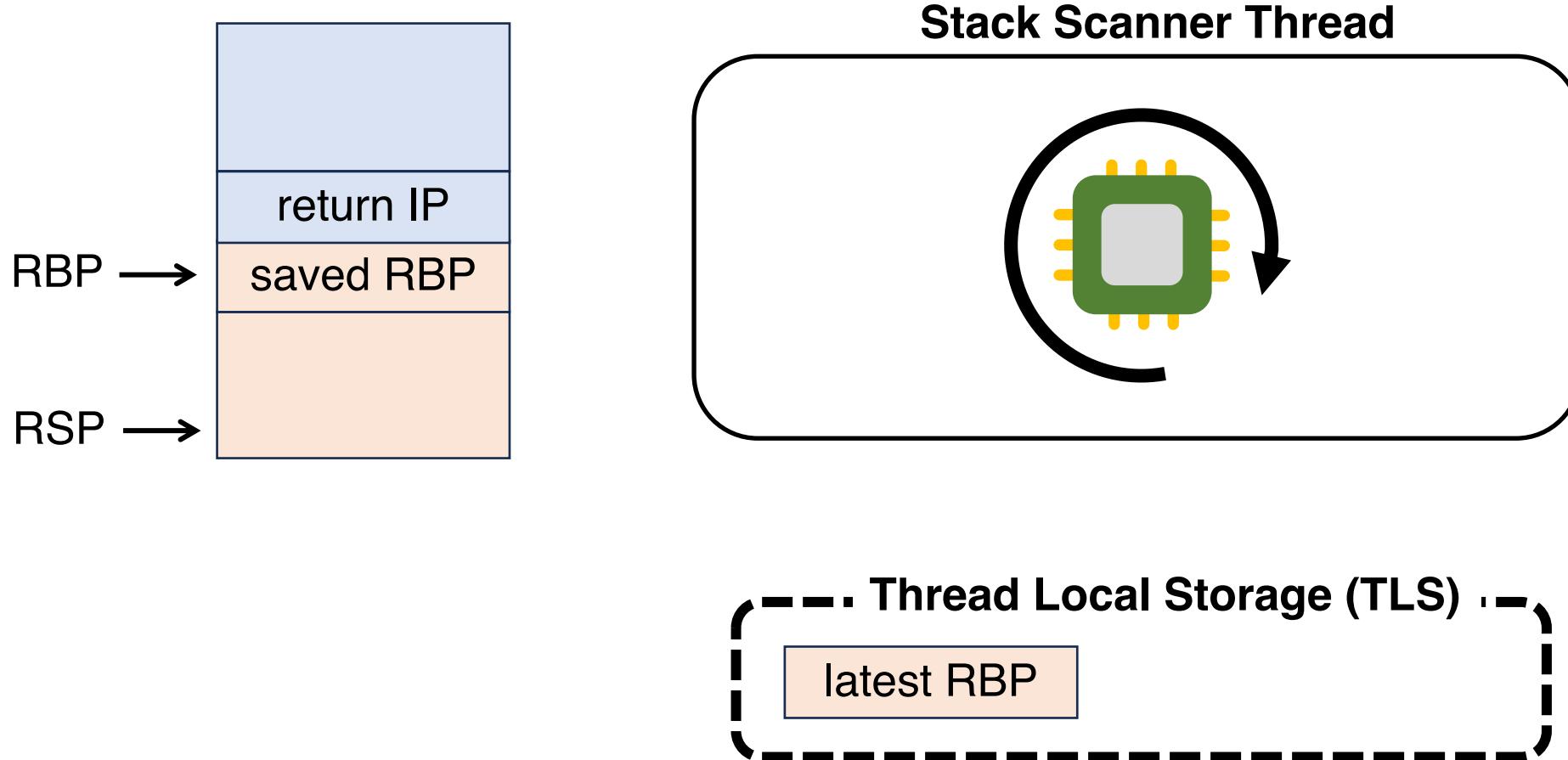
Challenge #1. The Most Recent RBP



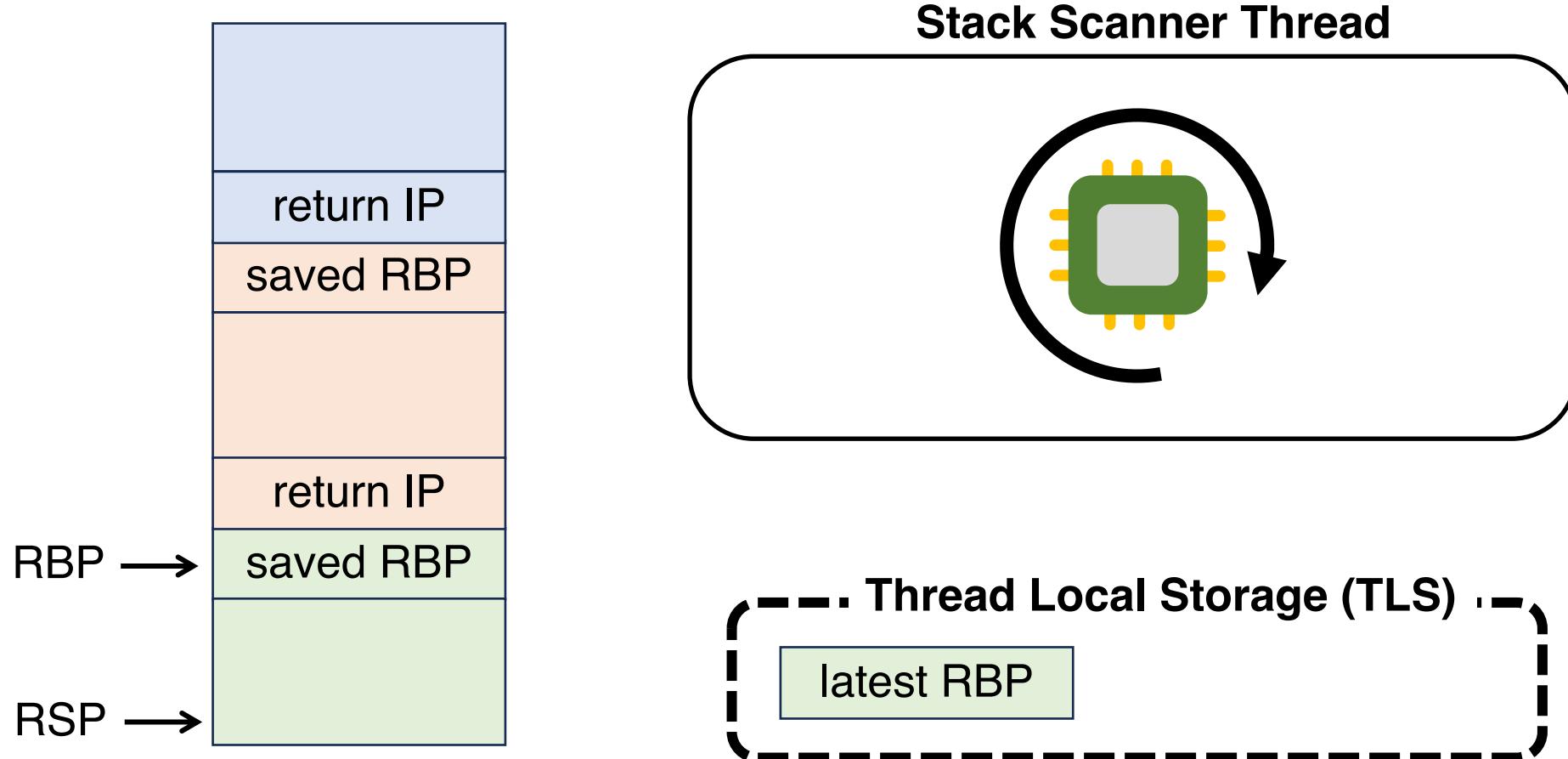
Latest RBP in Thread Local Storage



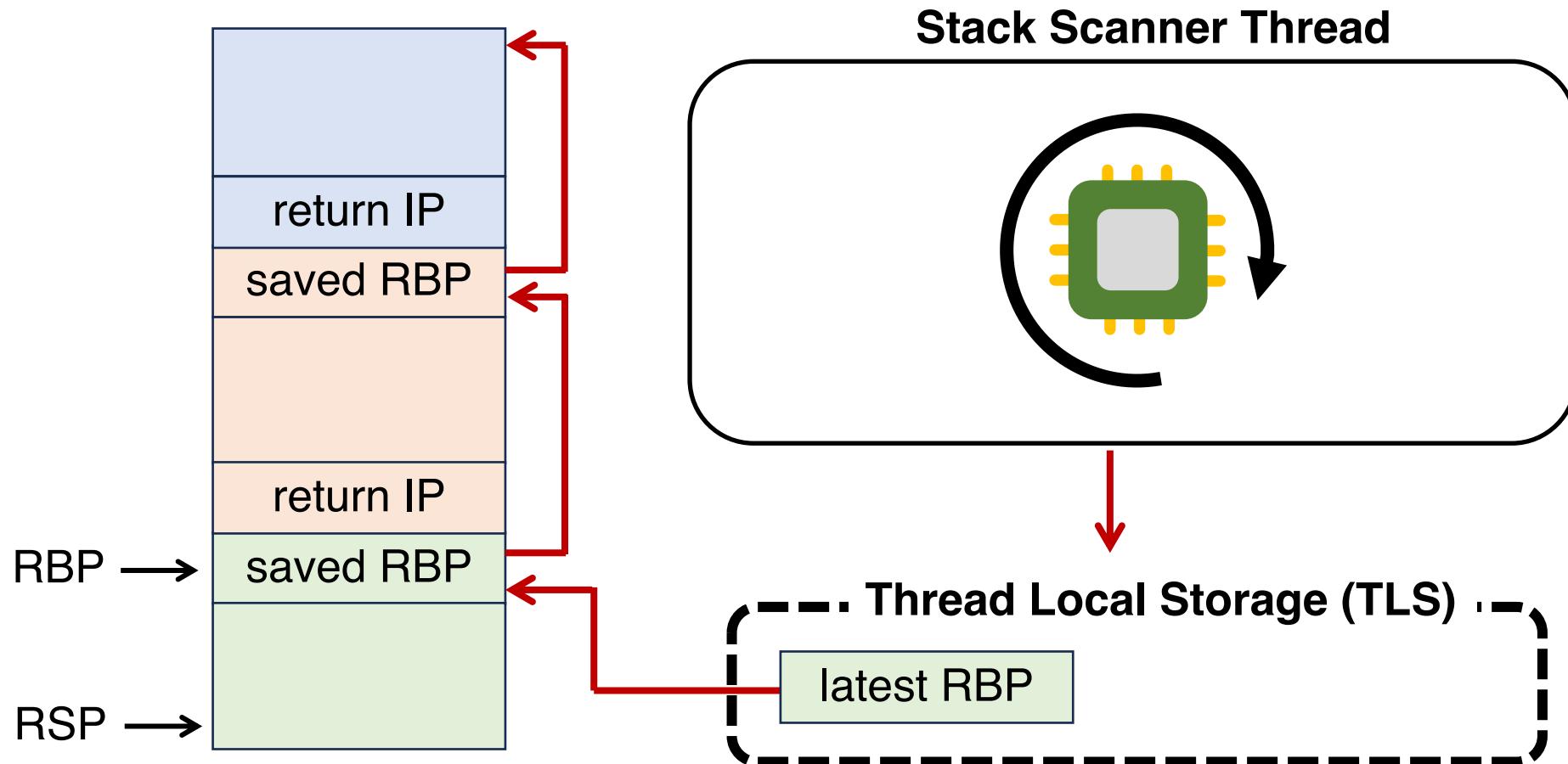
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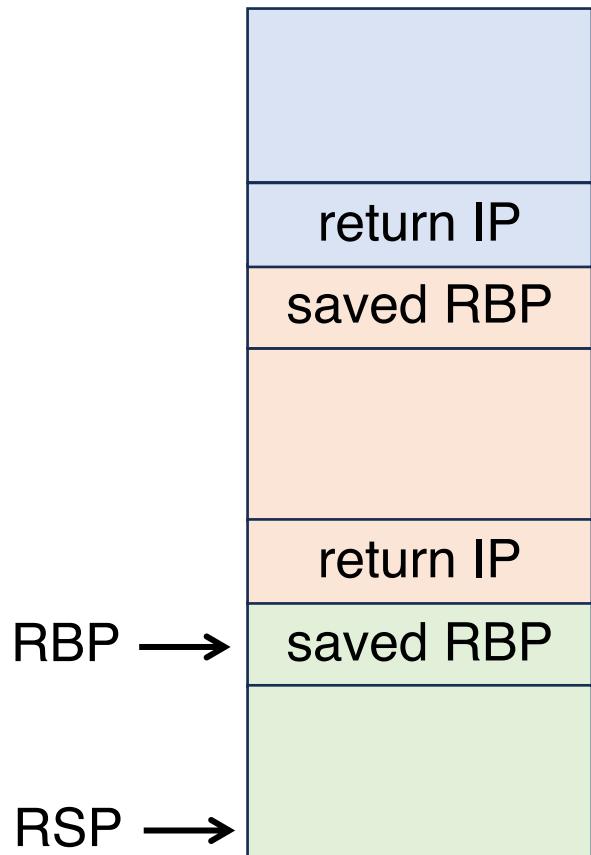
Latest RBP in Thread Local Storage



Stack Sampling

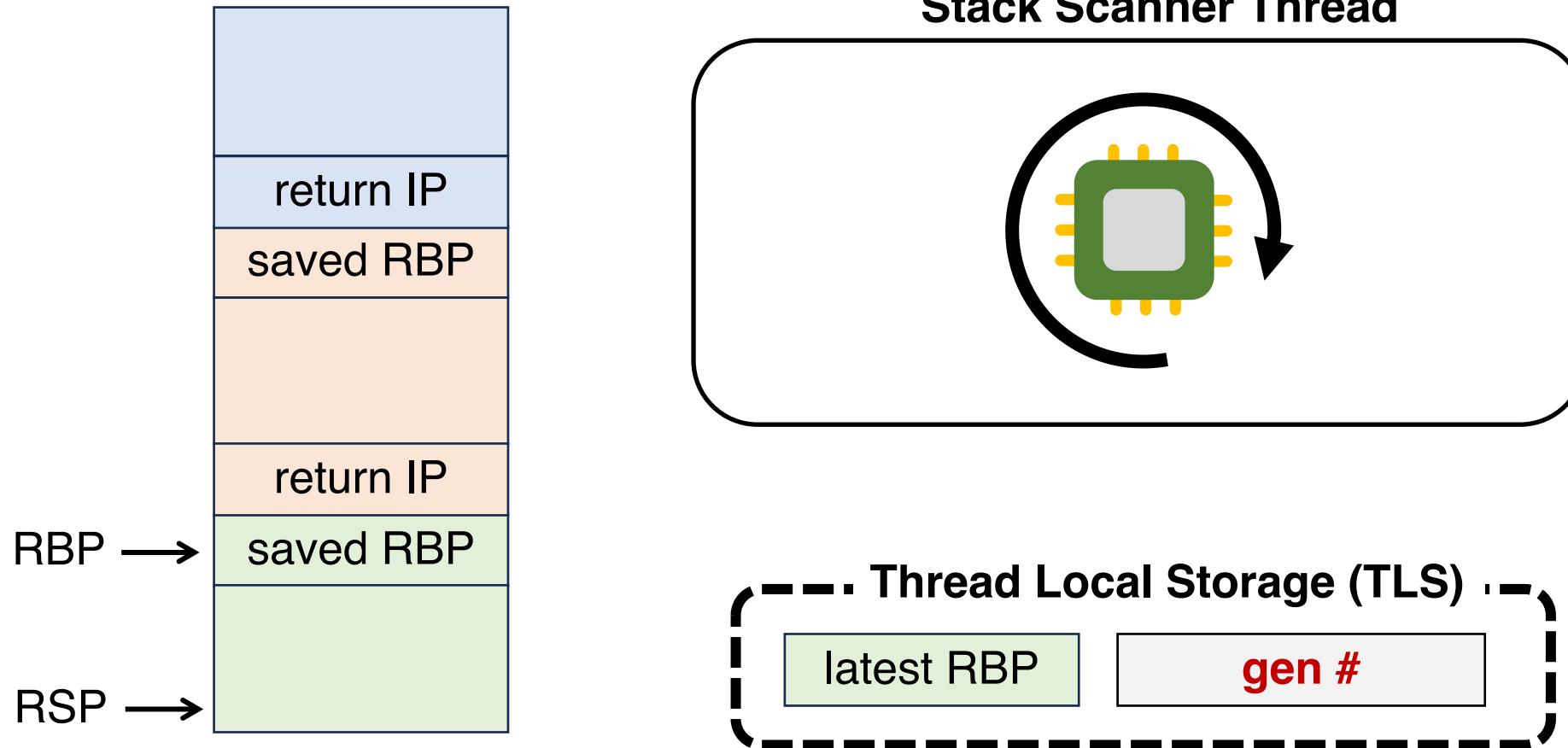


Challenge #2. Differentiating Function Calls

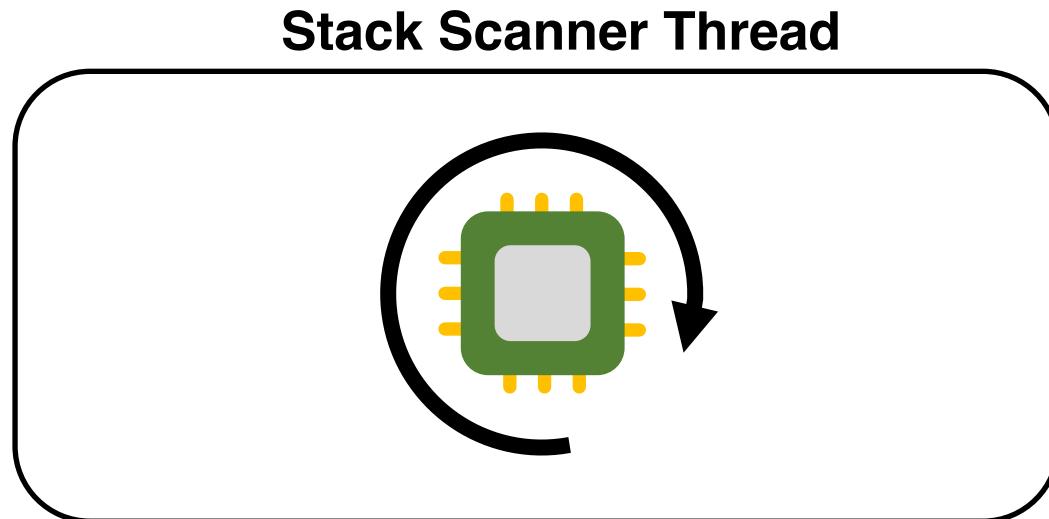
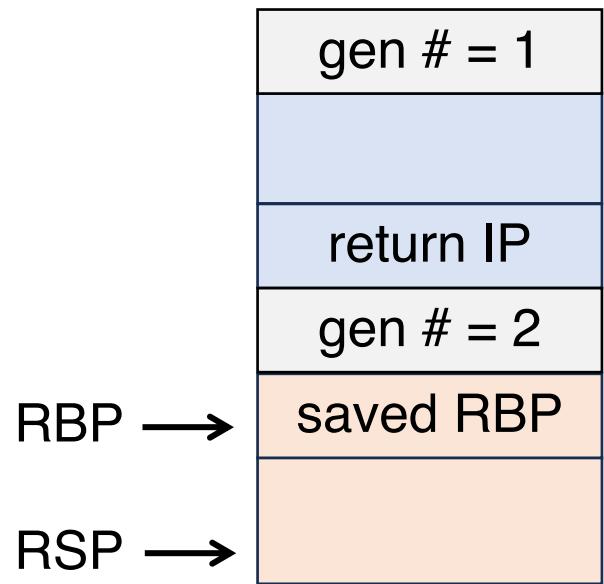


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    foo();  
    ...  
}  
  
int foo() {  
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        → bar();  
}  
  
int bar() {  
    ...  
}
```

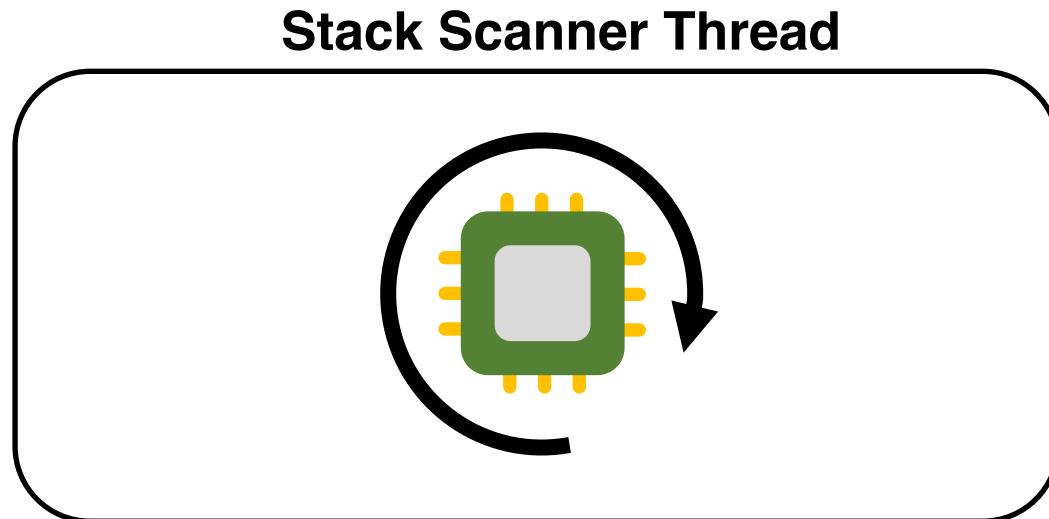
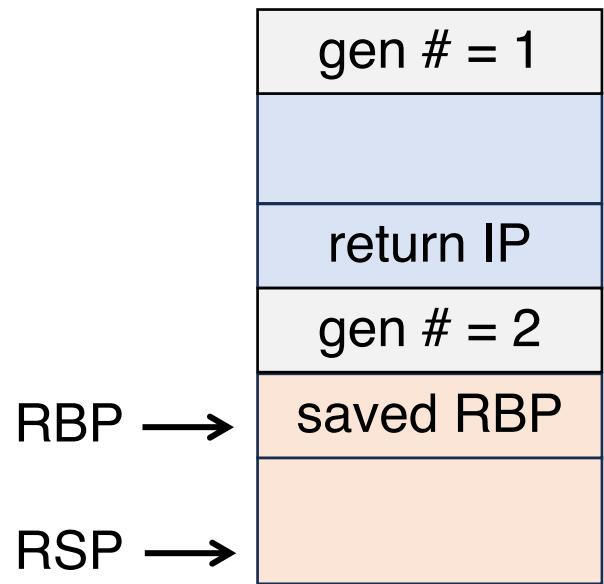
Generation Number



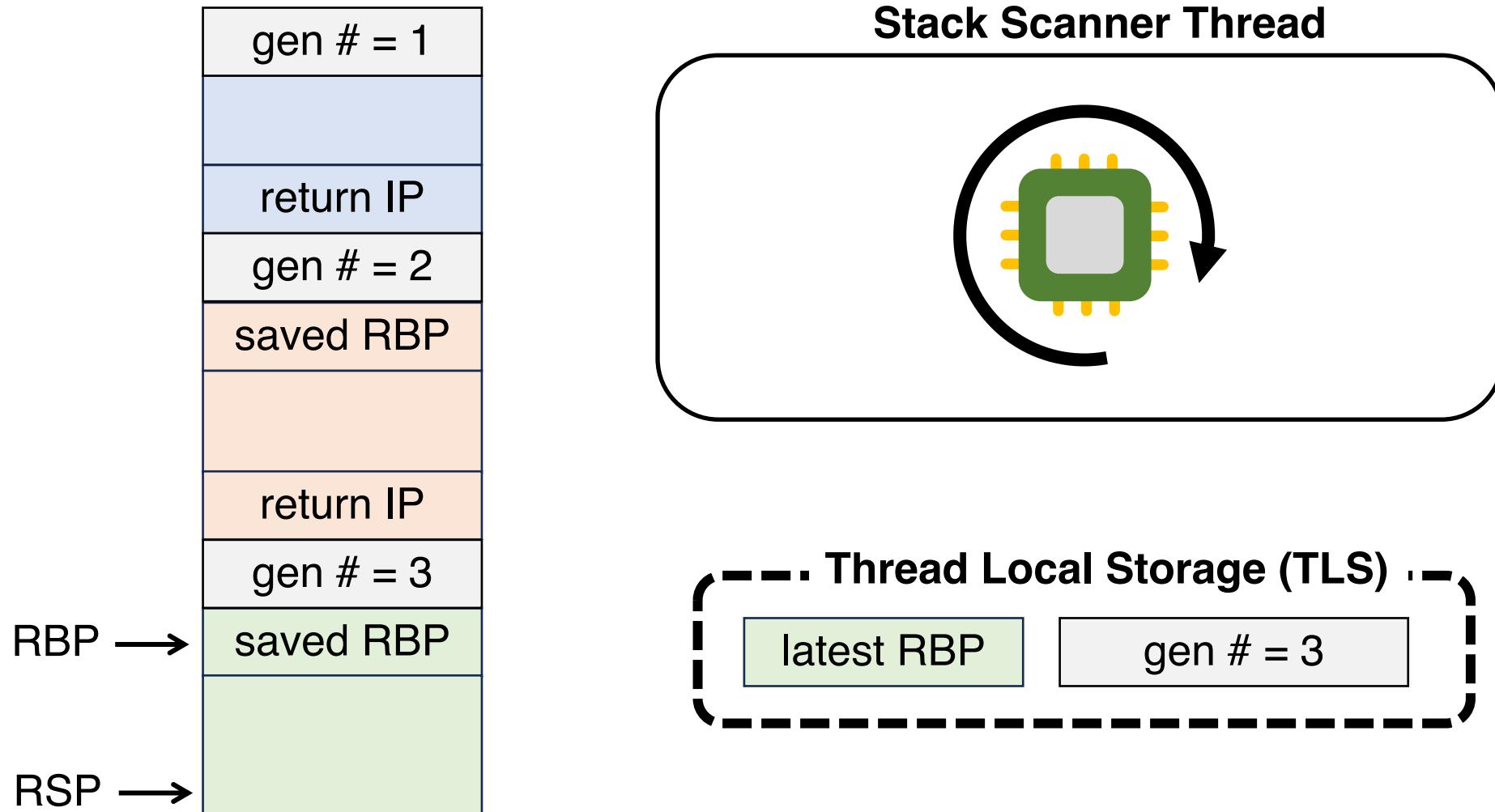
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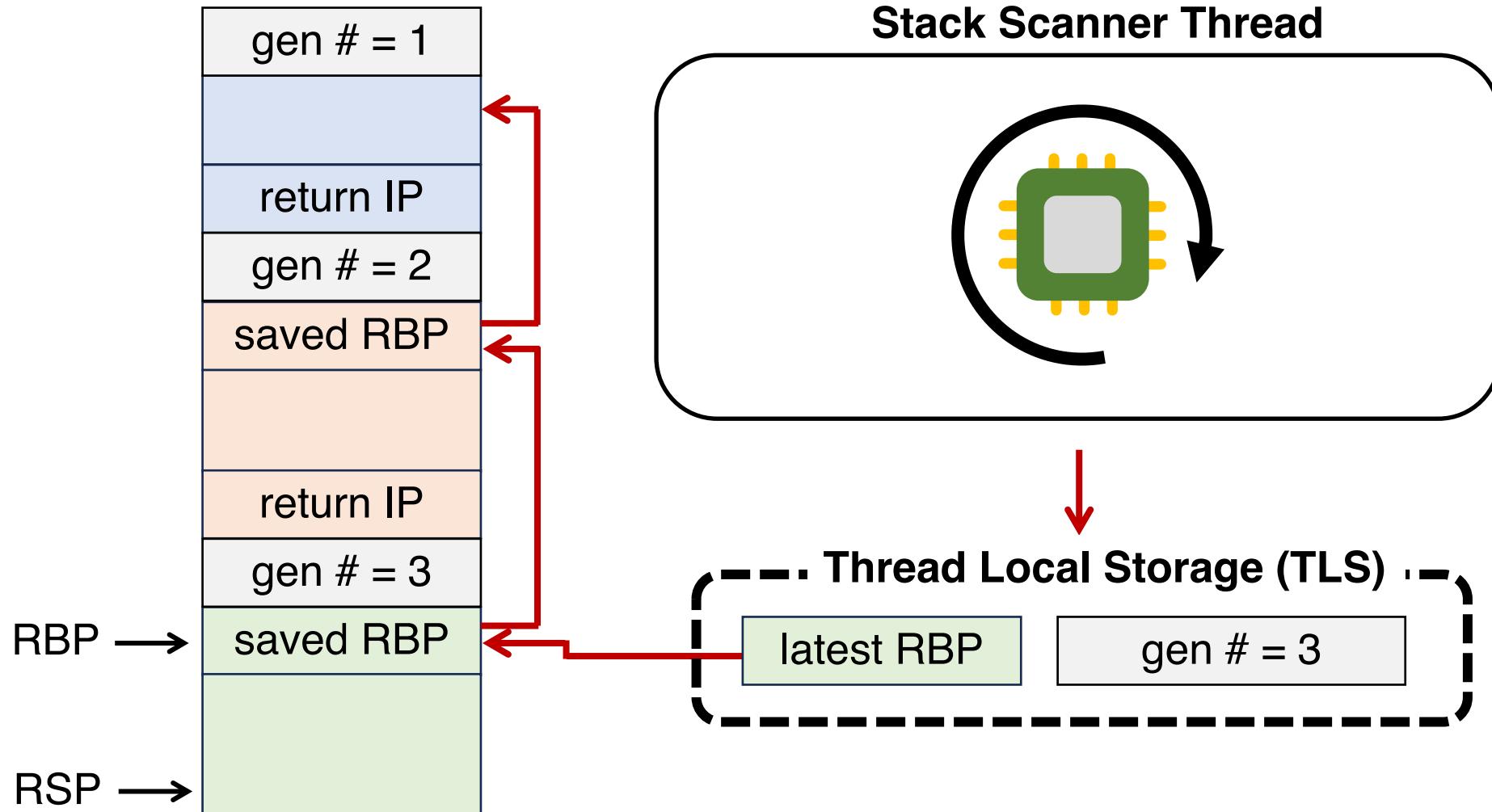
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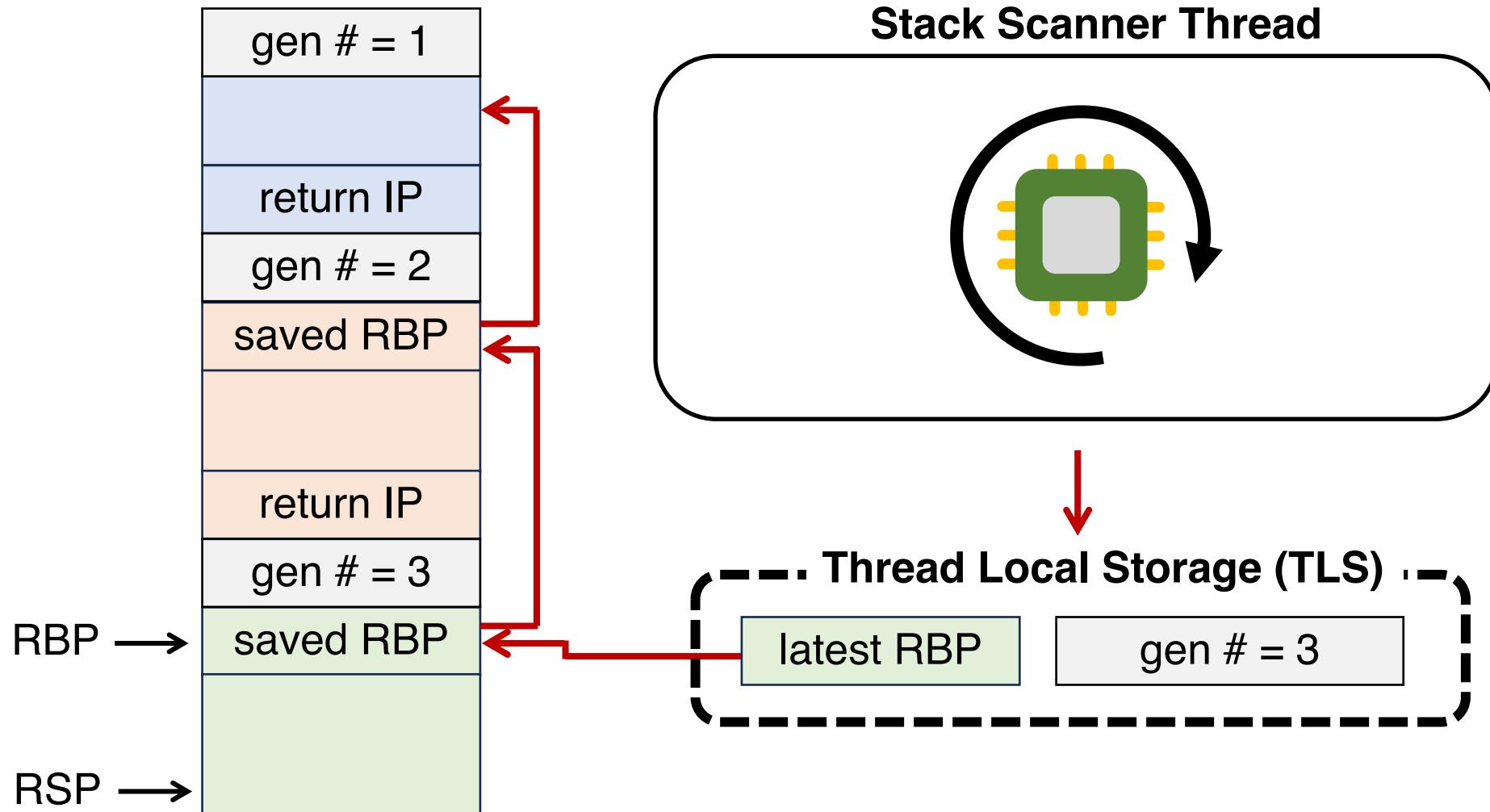
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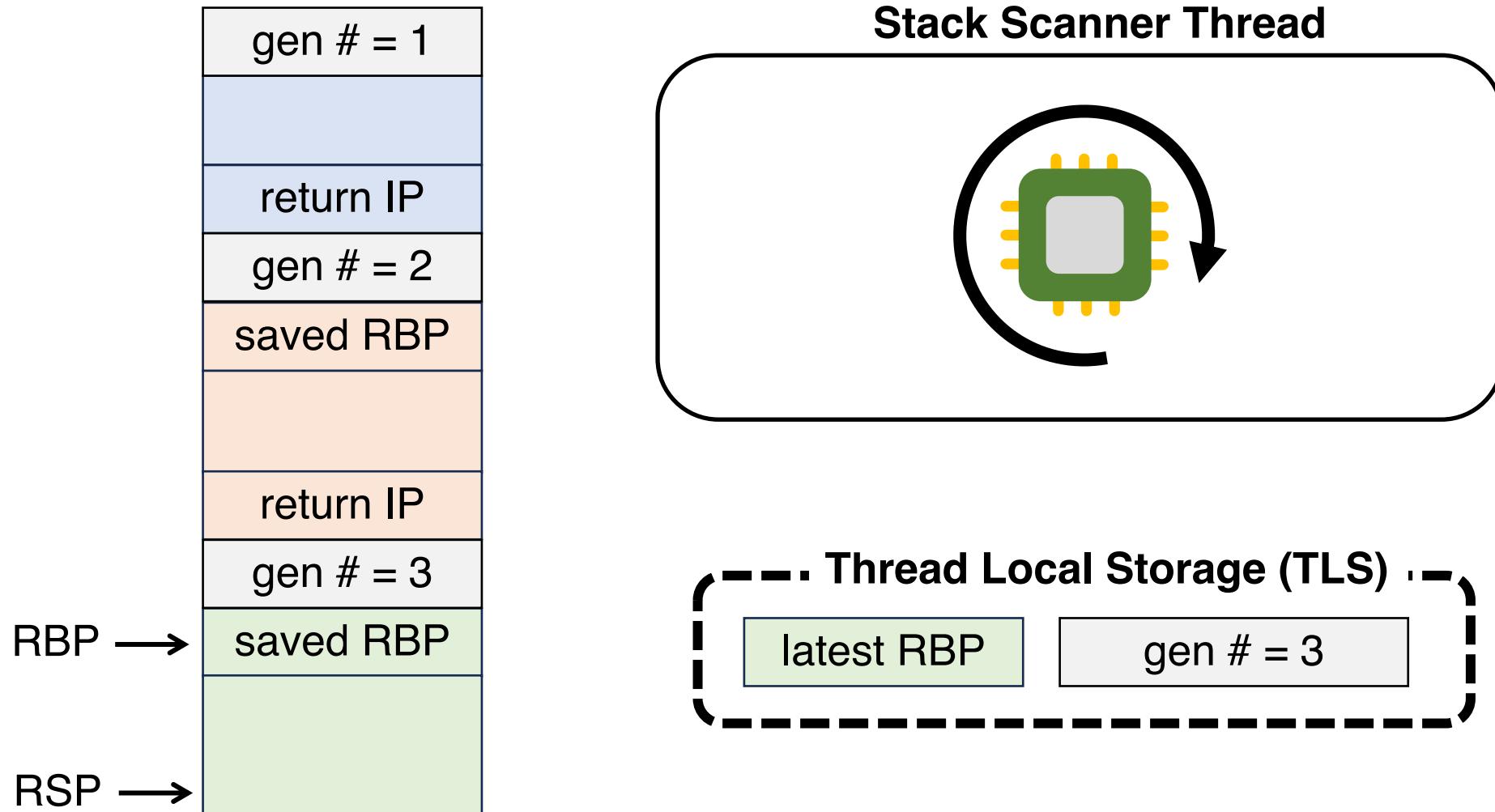
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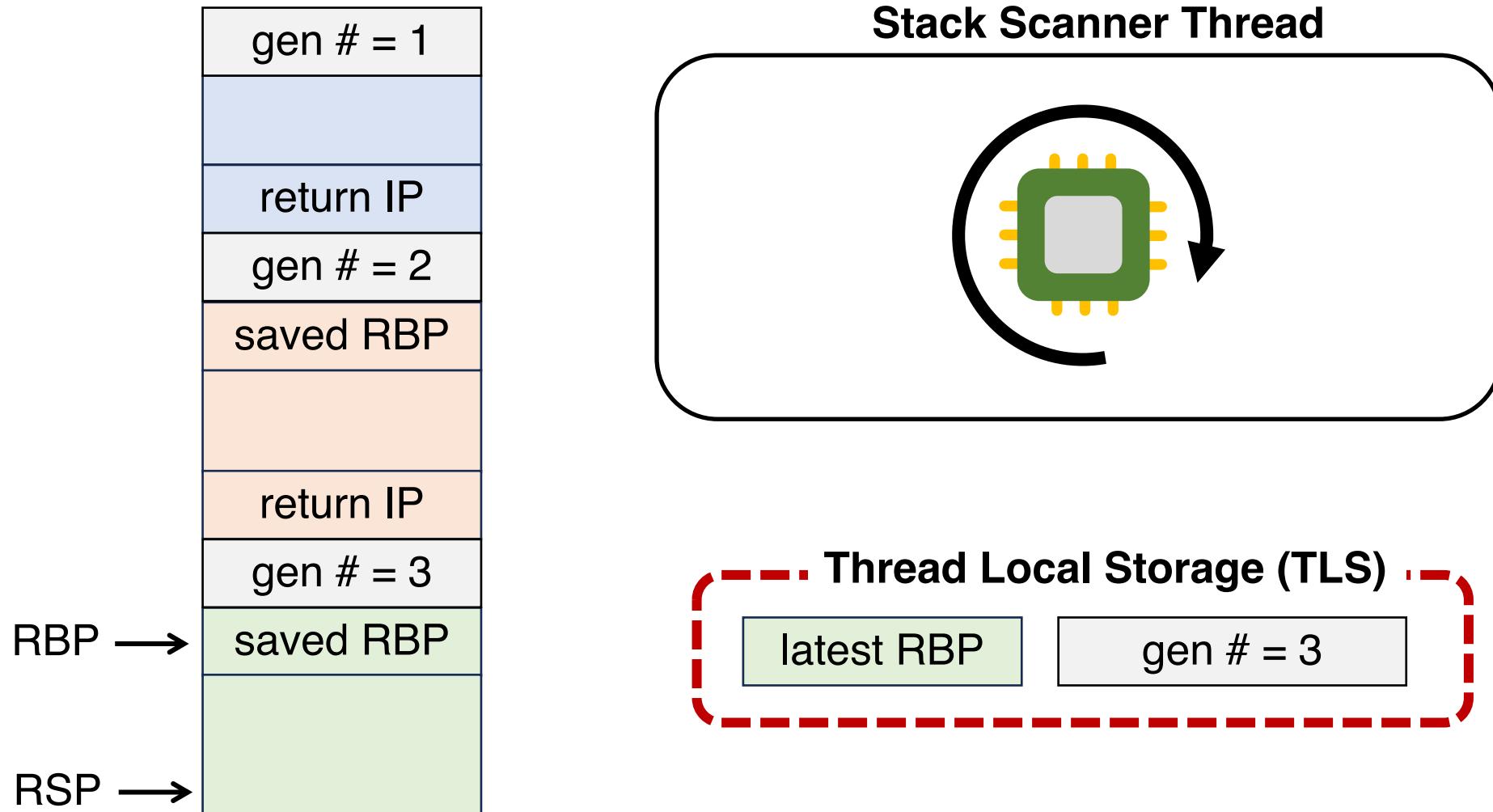
Challenge #3. Cache Thrashing



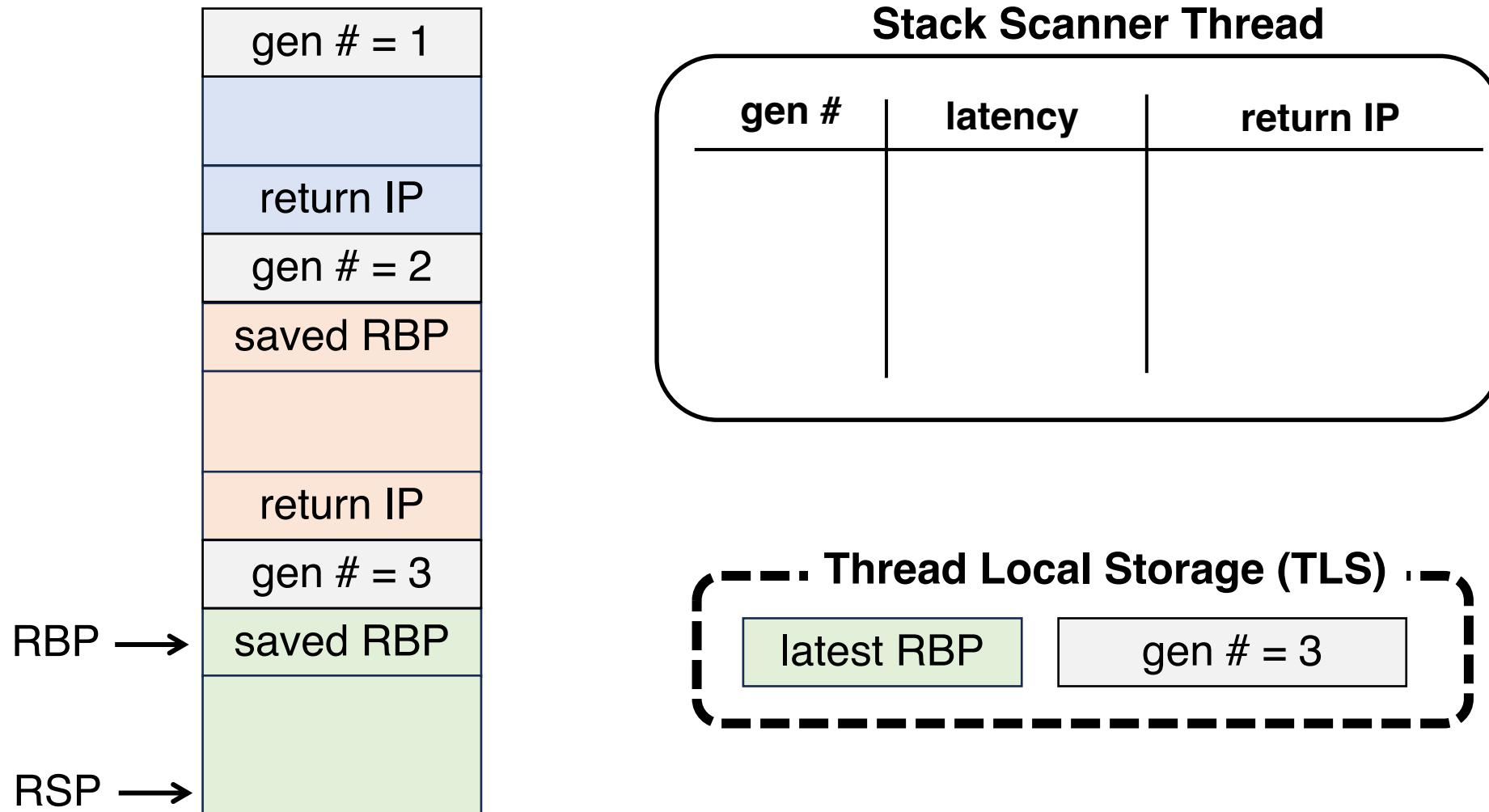
TLS Indicates Stack Frame Change



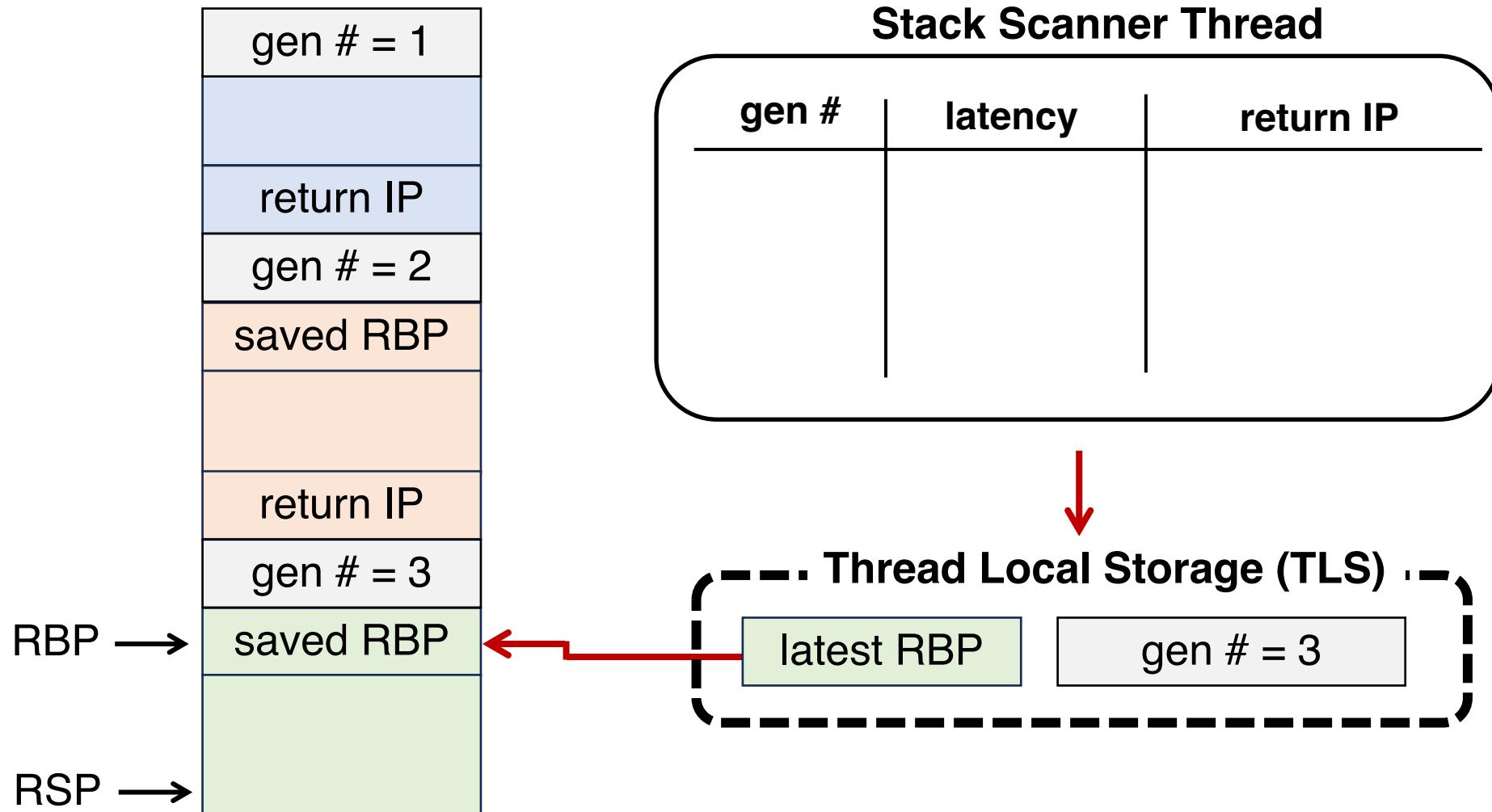
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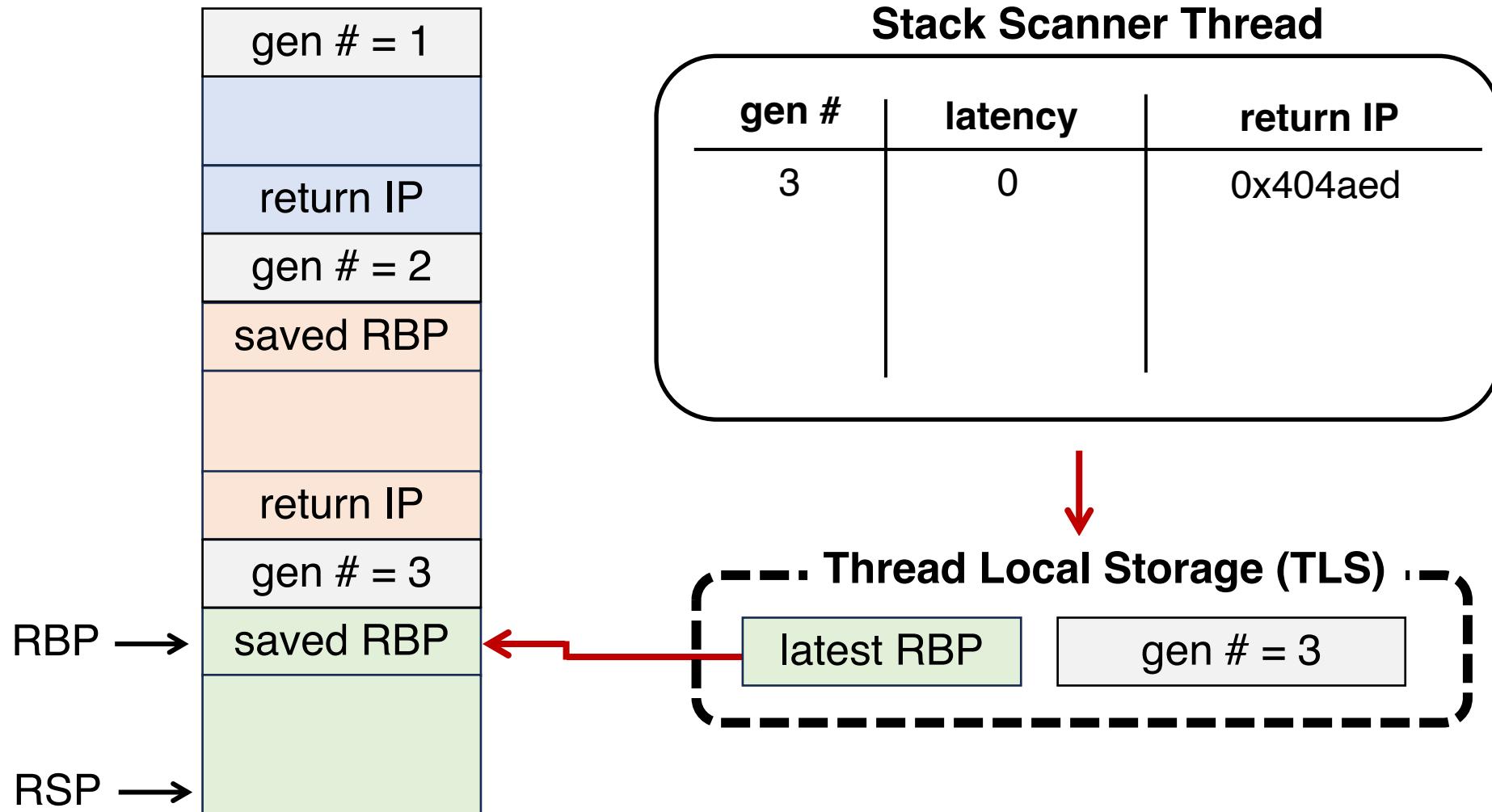
Latency Measurement



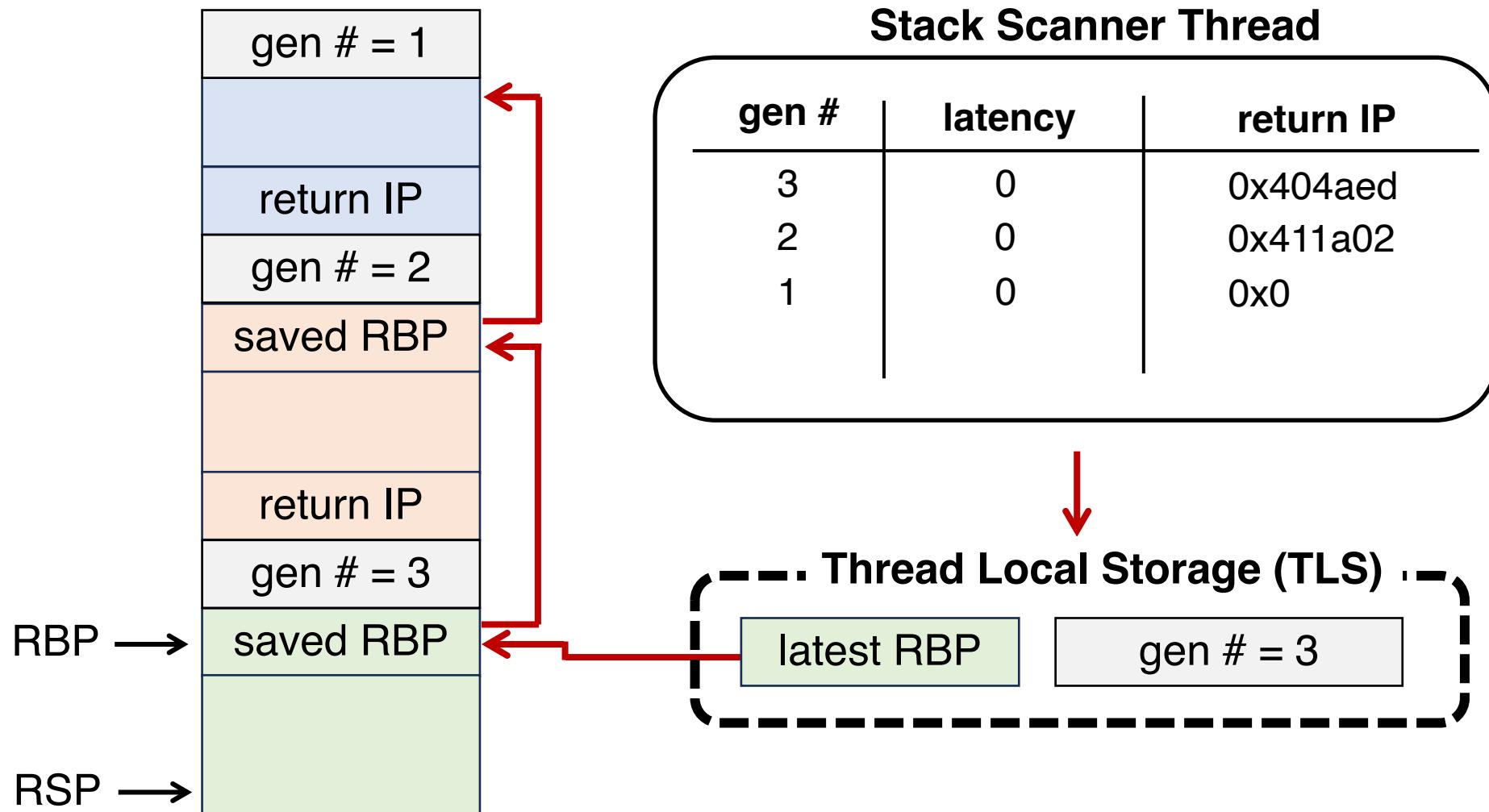
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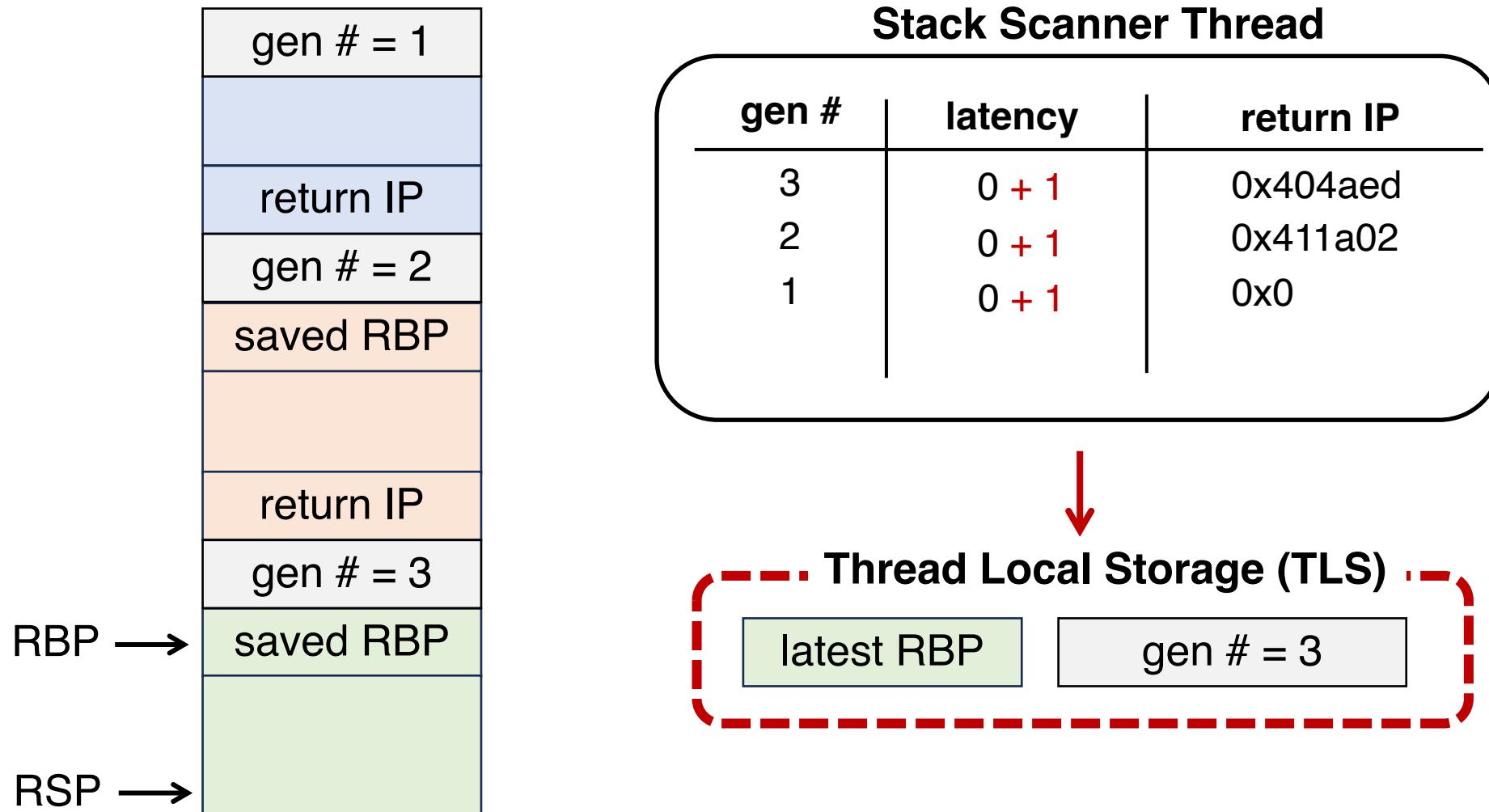
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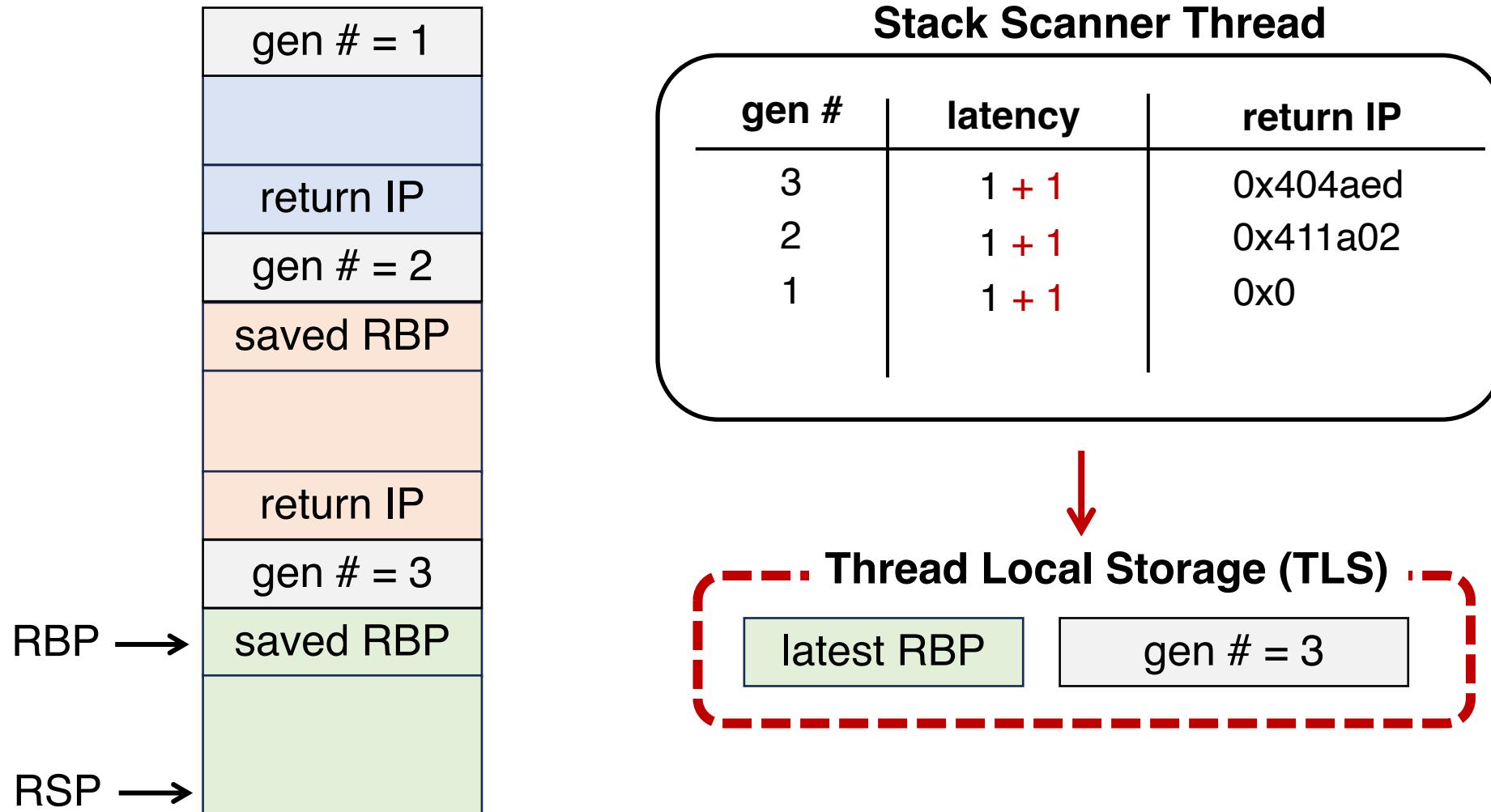
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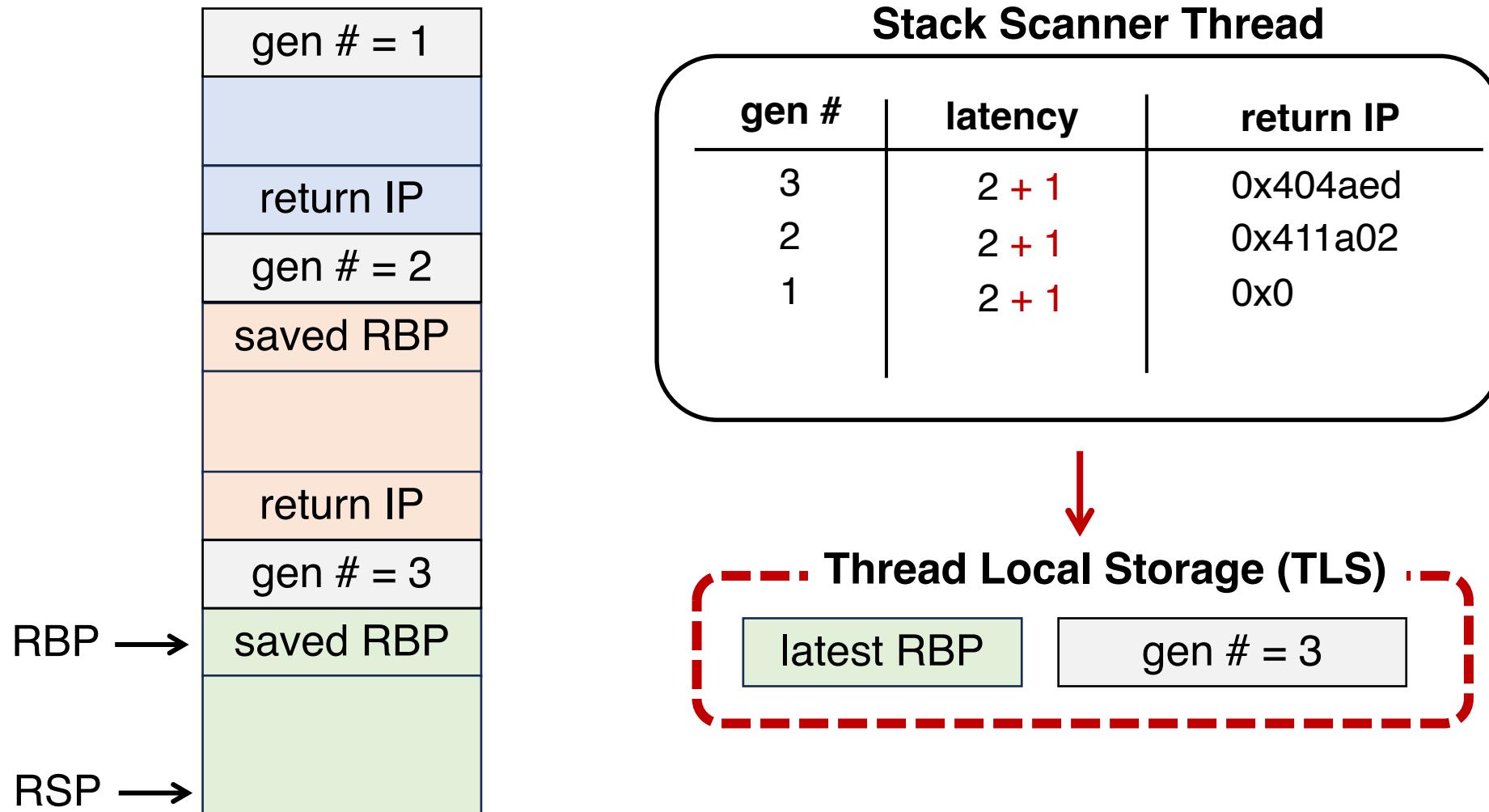
Latency Measurement



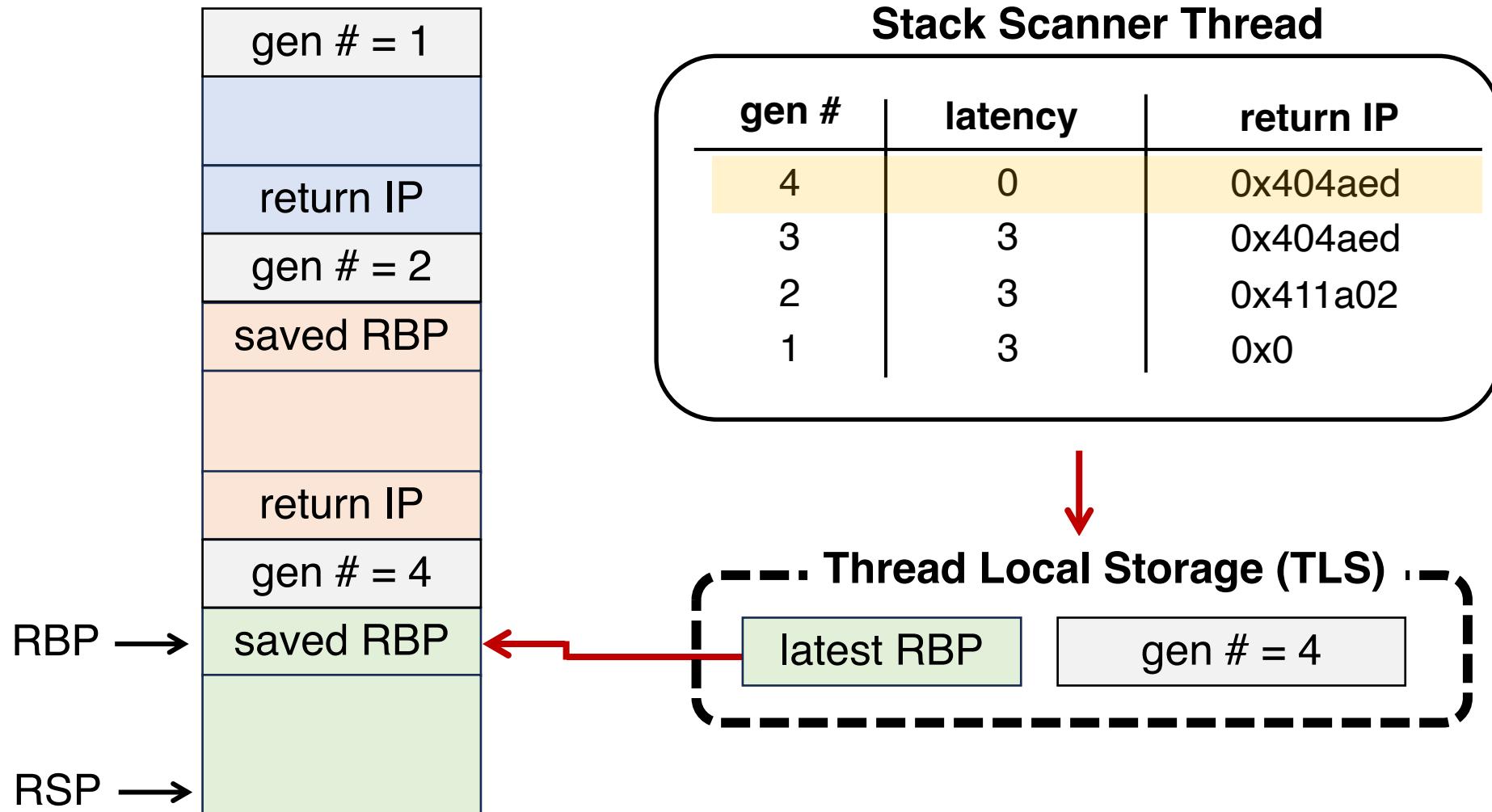
Latency Measurement



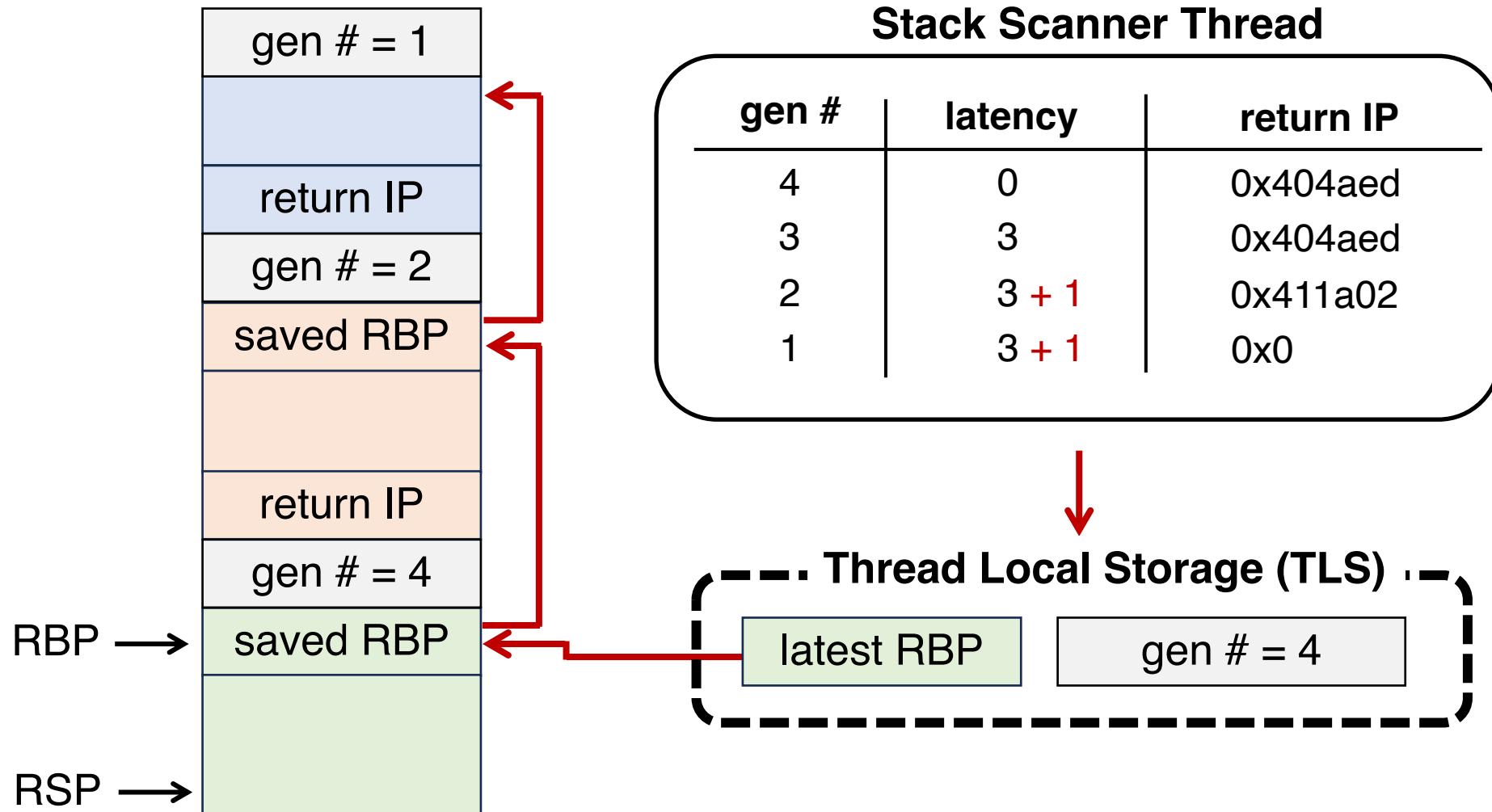
Latency Measurement



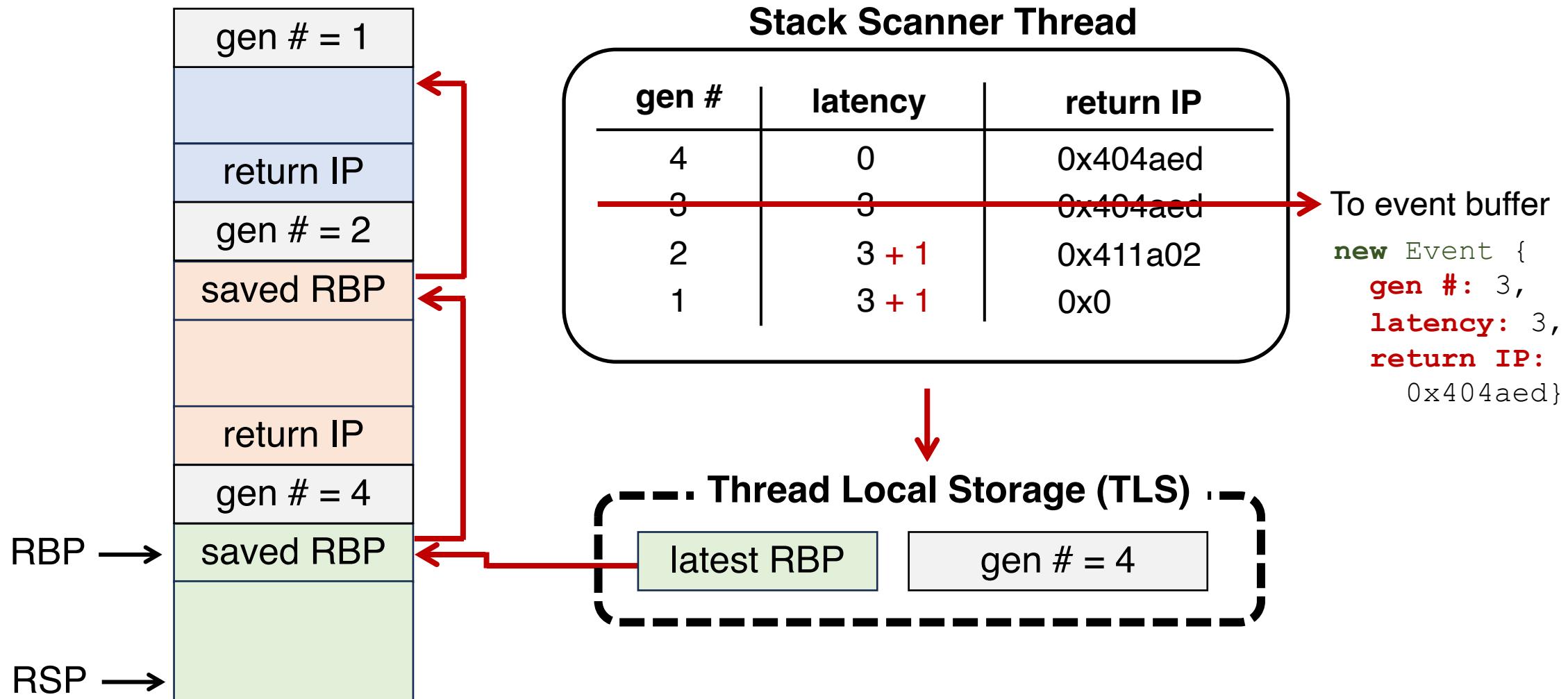
Latency Measurement



Latency Measurement



Latency Measurement



Other Types of Events

Synchronization: mutex, condvar, etc.

- Through shim layer

Threads: thread creation, destroy

- Through shim layer

Requests: request start, request end, request block

- Through optional tagging by developer

Scheduling: context switch, CPU migrate

- From external tool

Evaluation

- (1) How much is the overhead of LDB for datacenter applications?
- (2) How fast LDB can report the result?
- (3) How portable is LDB?

Baselines:

Intel-PT

hardware-assisted processor tracing

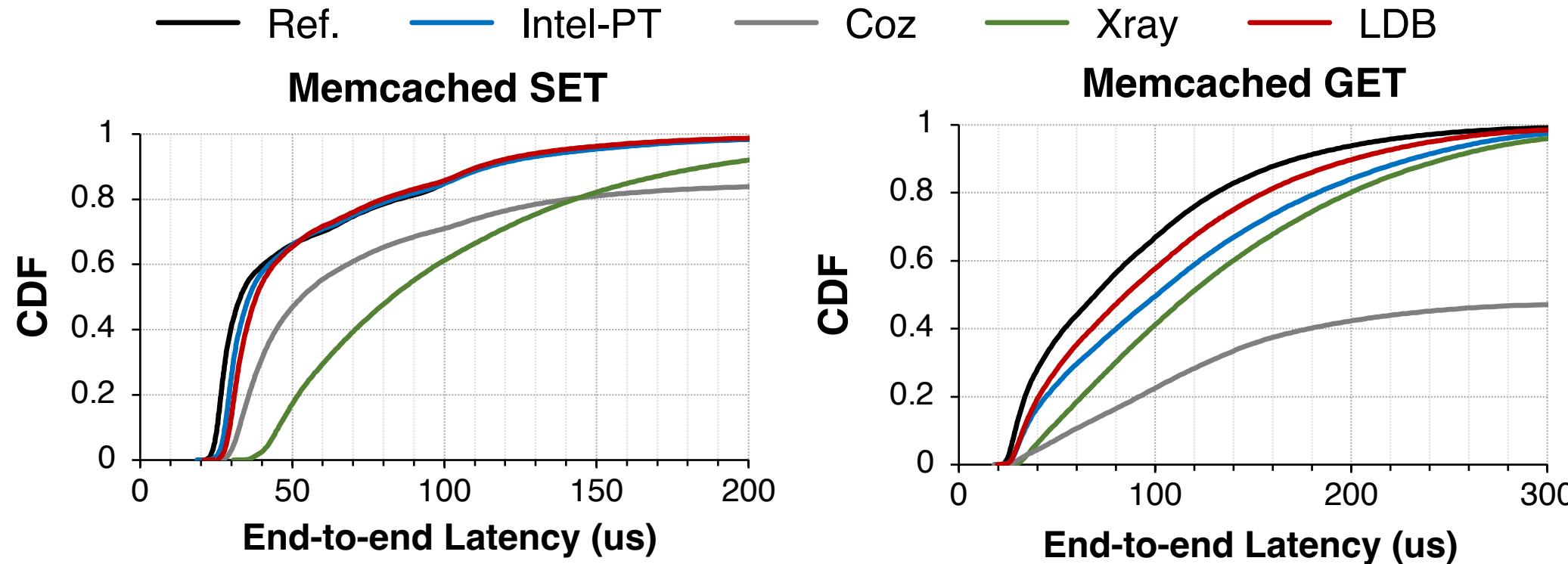
Coz

sampling-based causal latency profiling tool

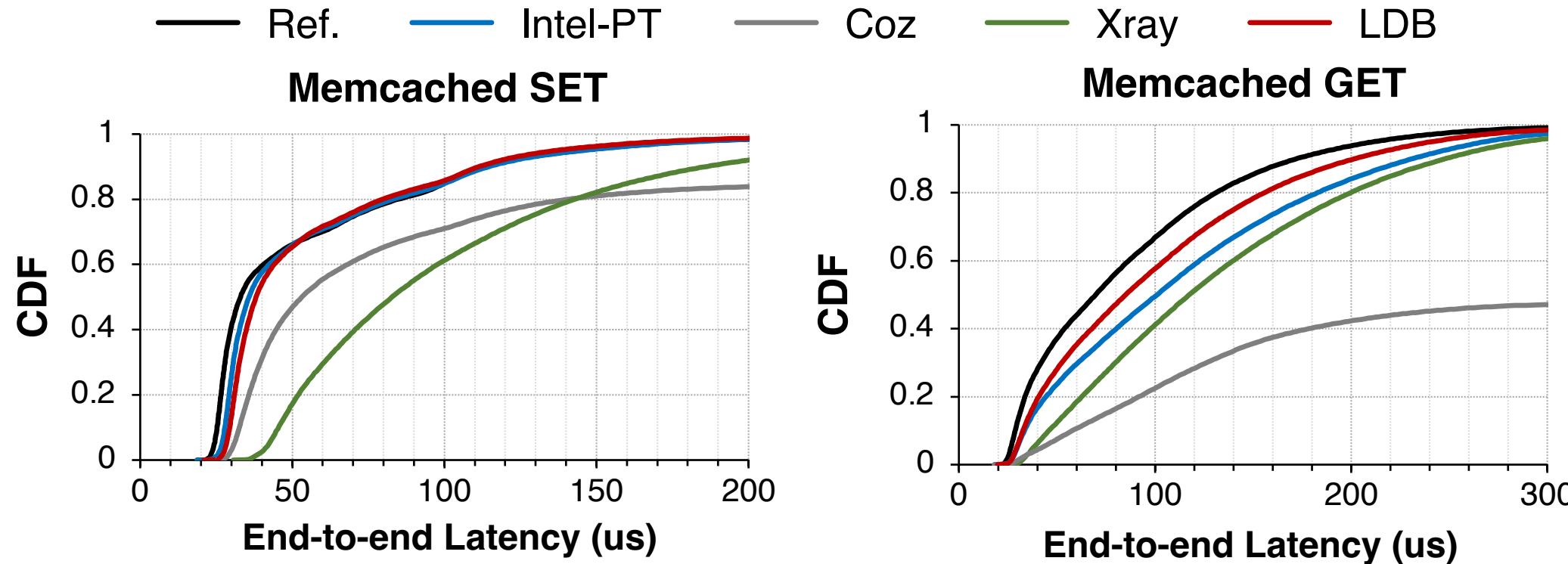
Xray

timestamp-based function call tracing system with static instrumentation by compiler

Runtime Overhead

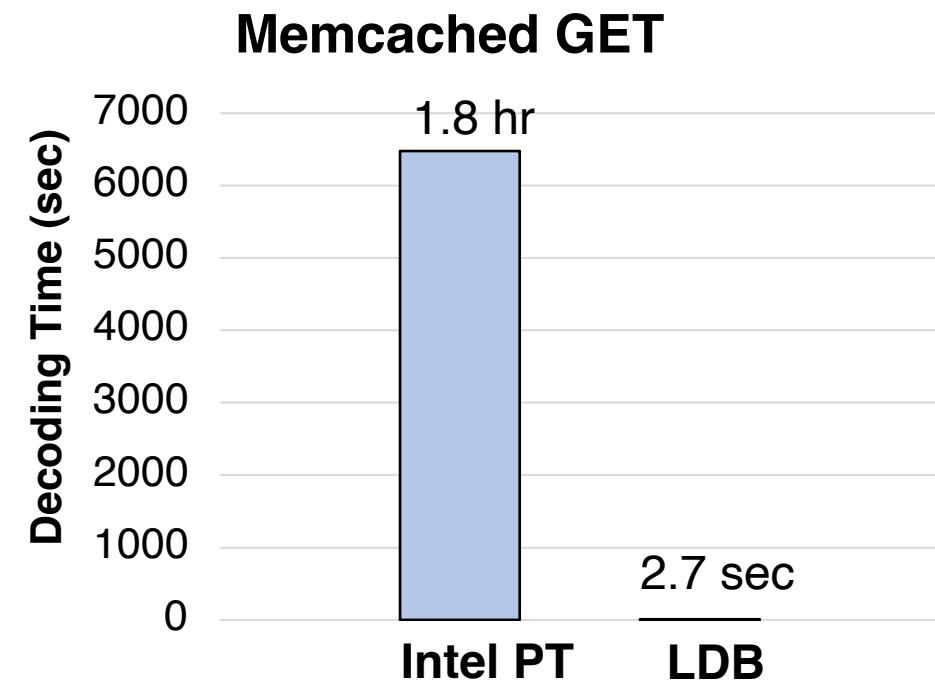
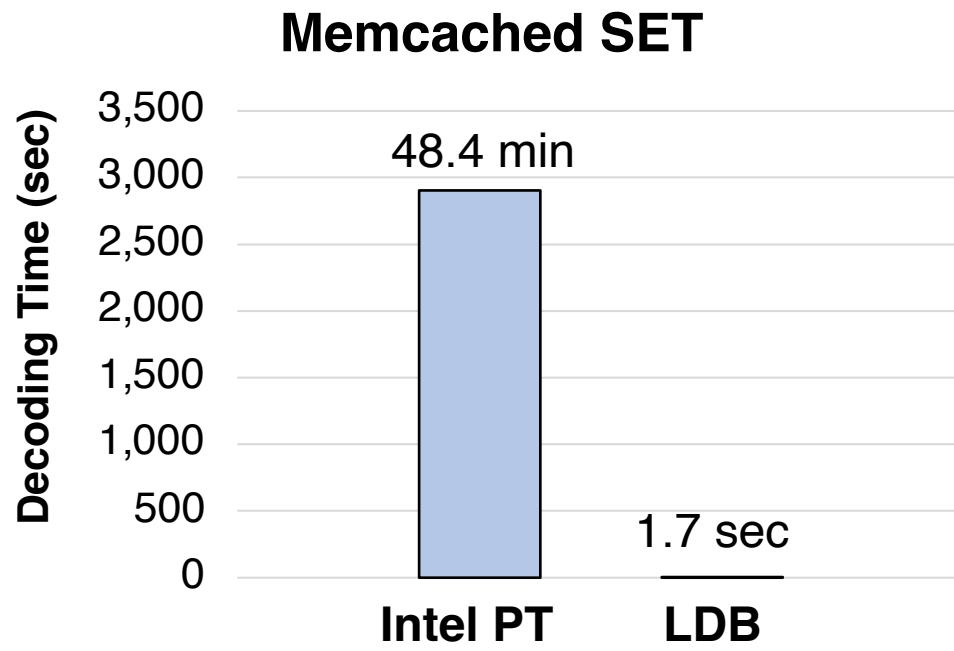


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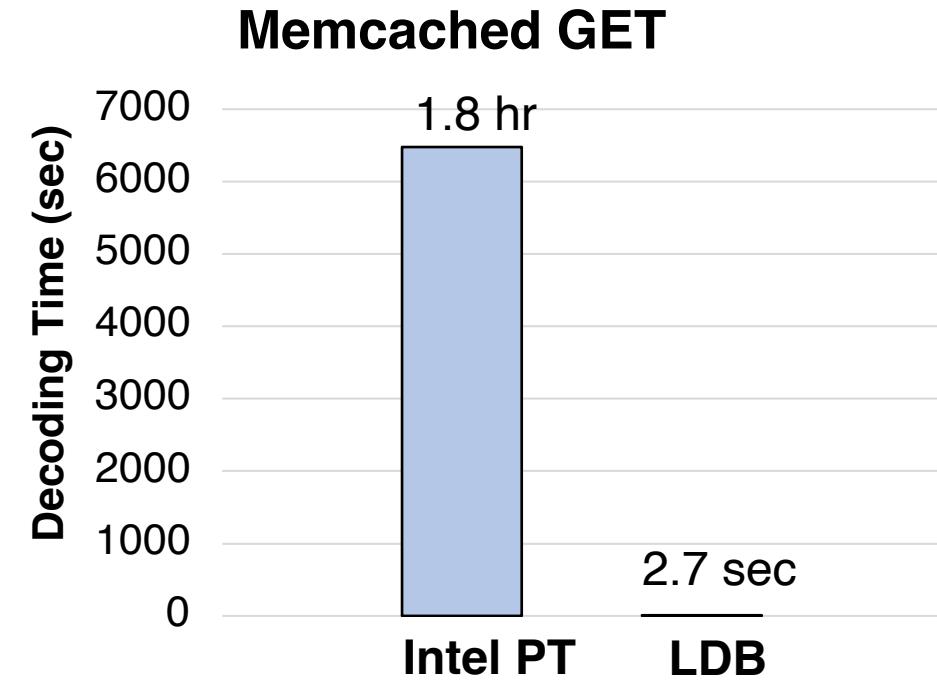
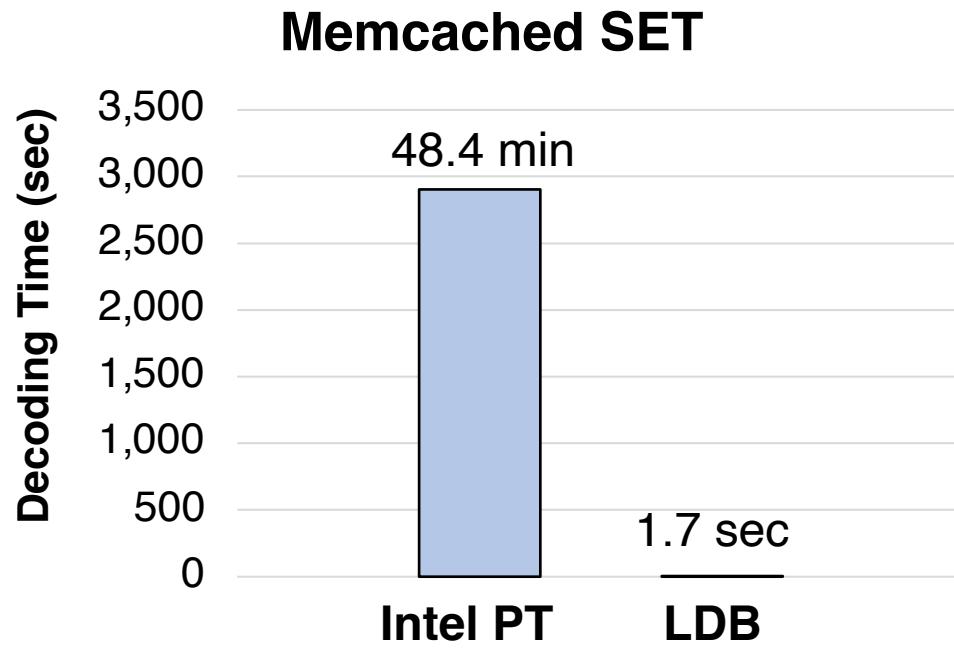


LDB's runtime overhead is **comparable to Intel-PT**

Decoding Time (for 1s trace)

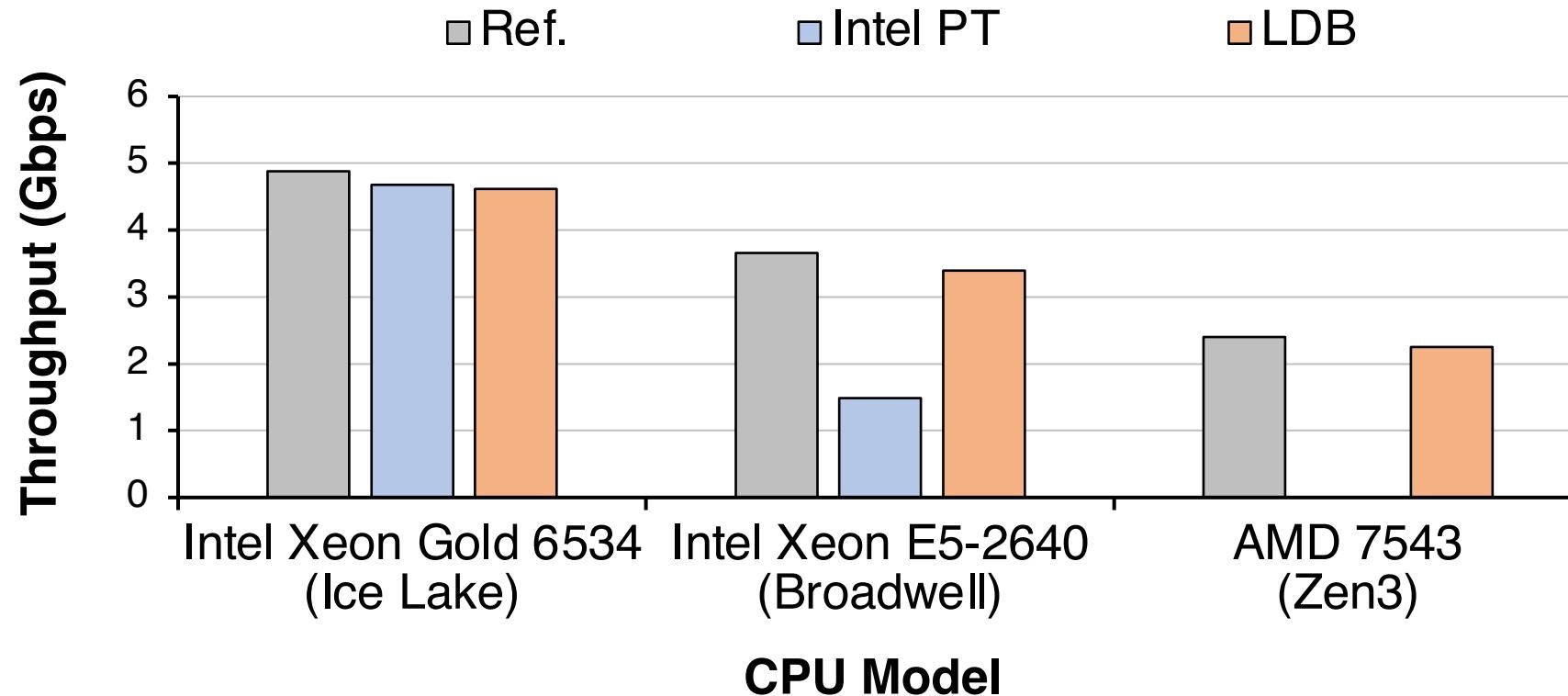


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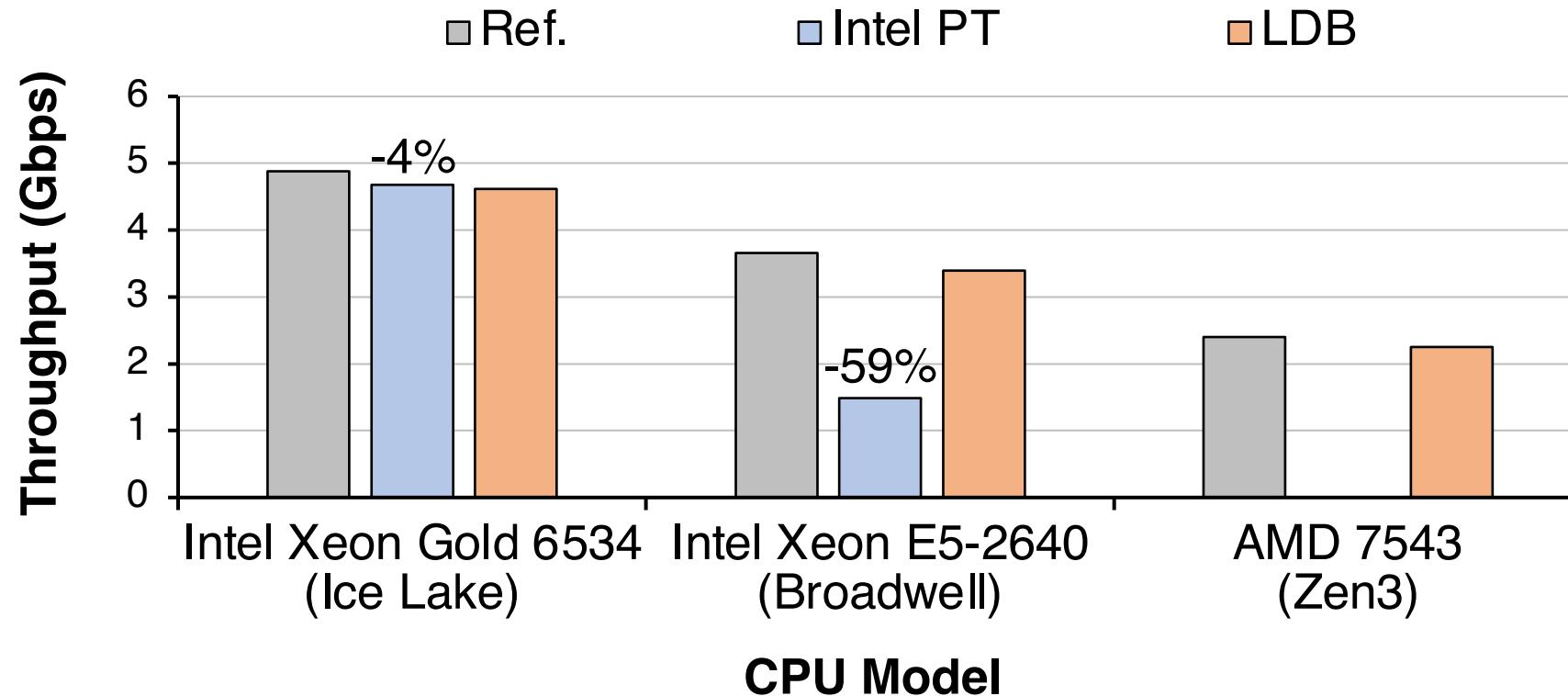


LDB enables **interactive debugging** with fast results

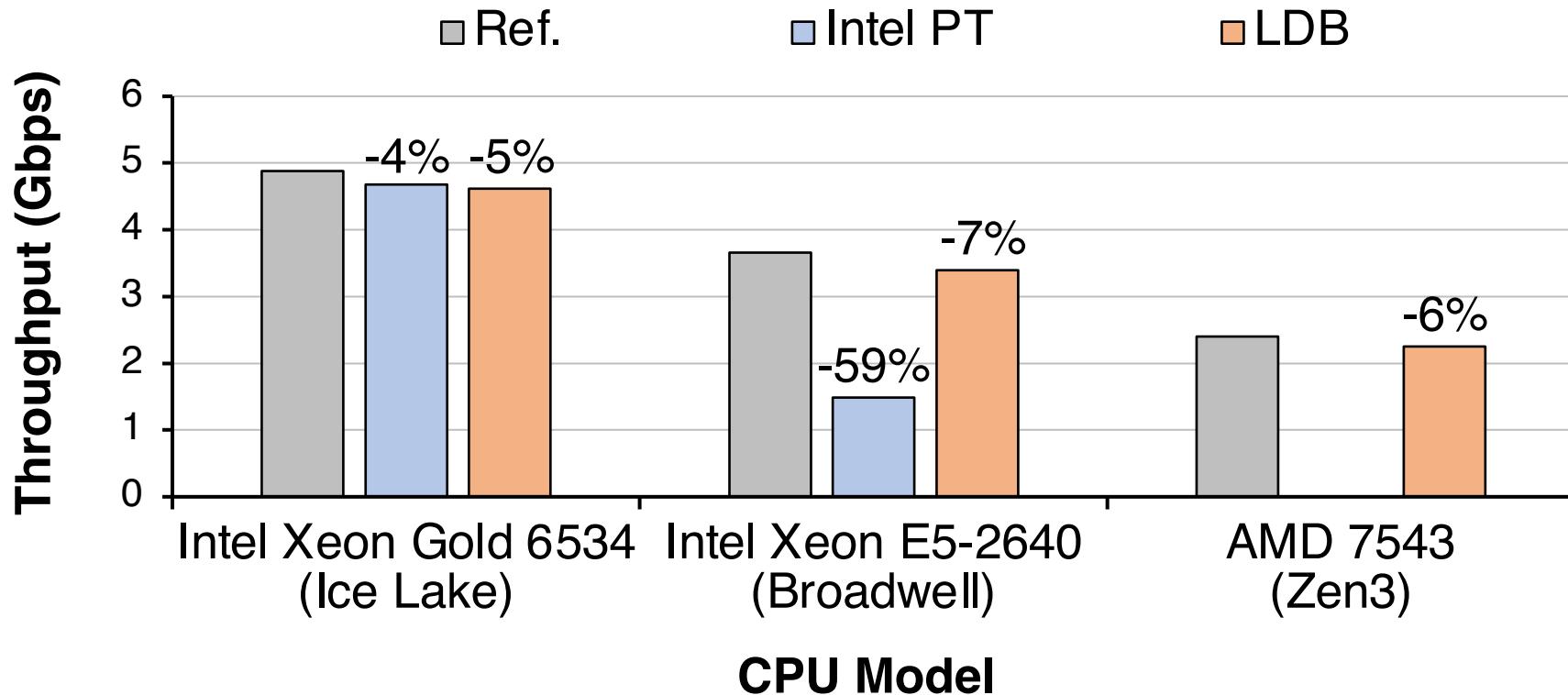
Performance on Different Architectures



Performance on Different Architectures



Performance on Different Architectures



LDB is **portable** across the different CPU architecture with **consistent low overload**

Conclusion

- LDB is an efficient **latency profiling** tool to diagnose root causes of **tail latency**.
- LDB's key components include
 - (1) Stack sampling with generation number
 - (2) Optional request tagging
 - (3) Automatic bindings to thread, synchronization events
- Our evaluation shows that LDB achieves
 - (1) Low runtime overhead
 - (2) Fast decoding time for interactive debugging
 - (3) Great portability

Thank you!

LDB is available at
inchocho89.github.io/ldb/